Canada opposes Golan annexation

TEL AVIV, Jan. 5 (R) - Canada has reiterated its opposition to Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights, an Israeli government spokesman said today. Herbert Gray, Canadian minister of industry, trade and commerce, here on an official visit, forwarded a letter from External Affairs Minister Mark MacGuigan to Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir yesterday, again expressing Canada's opposition to the Israeli annexation, the spokesman said. The letter was in answer to a message sent by Mr. Shamir to all countries with which Israel has diplomatic relations explaining the Israeli position. Canada declared its opposition to the Israeli move soon after the law was adopted in the Knesset.

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AMMAN, WEDNESDAY JANUARY 6, 1982 — RABIA AWWAL 10, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Italian minister starts Mideast trip

ROME, Jan. 5 (R) — Italian Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo left here today for visits to Saudi Arabia and Jordan as part of Italy's policy of establishing closer ties with the Middle East. On his way to Riyadh, Mr. Colombo will stop at Cairo airport for a brief meeting with Egyptian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Boutros Ghali. Mr. Colombo will stay in Rivadh until Thursday for talks with Saudi Arabian leaders, including King Khaled. He will then come to Jordan and is expected to meet with His Majesty King Hussein and senior government off-

Malaysia, Oman establish relations

MANAMA, Jan. 5 (A.P.) Malaysia and the Sultanate of Oman have established diplomatic relations at embassy level. A foreign ministry statement issued in Muscat, the capital of Oman, and carried here by the Saudi press agency, said the decision emanates from the desire of the two countries to develop and expand mutual relations in various fie-

Shamir to see Pope

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Jan. 5 (A.P.) - Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir will have an audience with Pope John Paul II on Thursday in the first top level contact with the Vatican in four years, officials said today. Foreign ministry off-icials said Mr. Shamir would leave for Rome tomorrow and also will meet Italian Prime Minister Giovani Spadolini. Mr. Shamir also will conduct a routine meeting of Israel's European ambassadors. Mr. Shamir was scheduled to see the Pope last March, but he missed the meeting due to bad weather which delayed his flight from New York. He will be the first Israeli foreign minister to see the Pope since Moshe Dayan was in the Vatican in 1977.

Schmidt irritated at U.S. stance

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 (R)-Chancellor Helmut Schmidt today expressed irritation at American criticism of West Germany's stance on the Polish crisis and said its position represented a consensus in Western Europe. Mr. Schmidt spoke to reporters after a breakfast with members of the Senate and before he began talks in the White House with President Reagan and other U.S. officials. "I think the (U.S.) government is quite Mr. Schmidt told rephappy," orters on Capitol Hill, adding that "the American press, in some quarters, gives some puzzles to me." The Reagan- Schmidt meeting was expected. to focus on differences between Washington and Bonn on how to handle the Polish situation. Mr. Reagan imposed trade sanctions against the Soviet Union but Mr. Schmidt has expressed doubts about their value. The chancellor arrived last night shortly after the 10 nations of the European Economic Community issued a strong statement on the Polish crisis in which they pledged not to undercut U.S. trade sanctions but proposed none of their Own. Moscow rebukes EEC, page 8.

Brandt confers

ATHENS, Jan. 5 (A.P.) -West German Socialist leader Willy Brandt conferred today with Greek Premier Andreas Papandreon following a pri-Vale trip to Cypros. Mr. Brandt told reporters before his meeting with Mr. Papandreou durmg a six-hour stopover here, "I am now more aware of the

President Reagan, in the first major shakeup of his administration, has installed a longtime associate as his national security adviser and boosted his pow-

The White House said the new man, William Clark, who had been deputy secretary of state, would have direct access to the president. His controversial predecessor, Richard Allen, had to report to Mr. Reagan through White House Counsellor Edwin Meese

Mr. Allen resigned yesterday after being on leave of absence for the past five weeks pending investigations into some of his financial affairs.

Both the Justice Department and the White House cleared Mr. Allen of any wrongdoing in accepting \$1,000 from Japanese joumalists who interviewed Mr. Reagan's wife Nancy and in receiving three watches from Japanese fri-

They also cleared him of any illegalities in filing an incorrect financial disclosure statement.

But the White House said the president and Mr. Allen agreed

that in view of the controversy it

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 (R) -

The State Department has cri-

ticised overflights of Iraq by Isr-

aeli planes and said the incidents

were likely to increase tension in

the United States had conveyed its

view to the Israeli government

that such actions were "unhelpful

and quite likely to increase ten-

Irao said Israeli planes overflew

its territory on Sunday for the sec-

ond time in five days and were

again driven away by Iraqi fig-

hters. Israel had no comment on

On another matter related to

VERONA, Italy, Jan. 5 (R)—Ita-

lian para-military police mounted

another big operation today in the

hunt for U.S. Brig. Gen. James

Dozier, kidnapped by Red Bri-

gades guerrillas almost three

of heavily-armed police combed

industrial estates and disused farm

buildings on the outskirts of Ver-

ona, as well as apartments, cel-

lars and garages in the city centre.

lages in the area and warehouses,

boatyards and fishing and ple-

asure boats at nearby Lake Garda.

ier, the senior U.S. officer at Ver-

ona's NATO base, is being held in

a Red Brigades "people's prison" in the vicinity. He was abducted

from his apartment in the city on

In Rome, police sources said

Investigators believe Gen. Doz-

Other units searched billtop vil-

Security sources said hundreds

sions in the area.

the claim.

weeks ago.

Dec. 17.

Spokesman Dean Fischer said

would be best if he left. Mr. Allen told reporters: "The issue never was one of competence or organisation or dayto-day administration, but a highly charged political atmosphere

which I don't fully understand...' In an exchange of letters, he accepted a part-time consultancy in the organisation of the president's foreign intelligence advisory board and Mr. Reagan said he had accepted the resignation with deep regret.

Mr. Reagan had downgraded the job of national security adviser, one of the most powerful posts in the U.S. government when Henry Kissinger held it during Richard Nixon's administration, in an effort to avoid friction between the State Department and the National Security

Mr. Clark, who served on Mr. Reagan's staff when he was governor of California in the 1960s, said: "The president has directed that I report directly to him on a daily basis or more often as the issues of the day might require."

Mr. Clark, 50, a former judge in the California supreme court, lacked foreign policy experience when he became number two off-

Middle East peace, Mr. Fischer

said President Reagan has not yet

decided whether to appoint a

high-level U.S. envoy to talks

between Israel and Egypt on the issue of autonomy for Palestinians

higher-level U.S. representation

would assist in the drawn-out talks

was expected to be reviewed by

the department later this week,

but one senior official cautioned

"don't hold your breath" for an

and Israel, Alfred Atherton and

Samuel Lewis, were coming home

to participate in department mee-

members of the Red Brigades.

The two suspects were stopped

in a car, in which police found sev-

eral rifles, a hand-grenade, amm-

unition, iron chains and drugs.

Victims of Red Brigade kid-

nappings are usually chained and

The men, who were carrying

false passports, declared the-

mselves political prisoners, the

standard defence of Italian urban

guerrillas when arrested.

The U.S. ambassadors to Egypt

The question of whether

U.S. raps Israel for flights over Iraq

in occupied areas.

announcement.

Italians mount new operation

in hunt for kidnapped general

KHARTOUM, Jan. 5 (R) - The Sudanese capital was quiet but

tense today following riots yesterday in which angry students ram-

paged through the streets burning shops, private cars and stoning gas

prices on several consumer goods and petrol.

extent of damage or the number of casualties.

were arrested, including a number of students.

also threatened to beat their teachers.

prices of numerous other goods.

oil, and such staples a sugar and wheat.

President Numeiri put at \$700 million last year.

overished economic situation.

boost food programmes.

maintain public order."

The demonstrators took to the streets in protest against soaring

The Sudanese News Agency (SUNA) said schoolboys stormed

girls' schools and forced them to join the demonstration. Students

Education Minister Nazir Daafalla ordered the closure of all sec-

SUNA said about 120 shops were set on fire in the popular market

Travellers arriving in Cairo from Khartoum said several people

Sugar prices were increased by 62 per cent and petrol pump prices

Tough austerity measures were introduced by Sudanese President

These included a withdrawal of subsidies on petro-chemicals and

Sudan is suffering a massive balance of payment deficit which

According to financial sources, Sudan needs \$3 to \$4 billion fin-

ancial aid over the next three years to help revive the economy and

Alarmed by the situation President Numeiri also devalued the

pound into a single official rate of 0.90 Sudanese pounds to the

Jaafar Numeiri last November in an attempt to improve the imp-

leapt 30 per cent. Merchants in Khartoum consequently raised the

in the southern sector of Khartoum. Officials did not disclose the

ondary and primary schools indefinitely to "protect property and

drugged.



William Clark

icial at the State Department last

The Senate had many misgivings in confirming his nomination after finding out that he could not name the prime ministers of South Africa or Zimbabwe and was unaware of West European attitudes towards planned deployment of new U.S. missiles there.

Mr. Clark said he did not see the upgrading of his role as a change in the foreign policy structure. Secretary of State Alexander Haig remained the "formulator and enunciator" of foreign policy in the administration, he said.

The White House declined to say who would replace Mr. Clark at the State Department. Speculation on possible successors included U.N. Ambassador Jeane Kirkpatrick and Lawrence Eagleburger, assistant secretary of

tings on Middle East diplomatic issues this week. In response to other questions, Mr. Fischer gave a U.S. end-

orsement to Egypt's purchase from France of 20 Mirage-2000 fighters in Cairo's biggest arms deal with a West European nation. He said the administration had been aware for some time the deal

was under negotiation and thus was not surprised at the announcement. "We've long recognised that

Egypt's needs for military equipment went far beyond that which we have been able to provide through our own military assistance programme," Mr. Fischer said. "To the extent that Egypt can

further its efforts to replace a portion of its aging Soviet Military equipment with assistance from others, this is a development which we welcome and which will complement our own effort to be of assistance."

Prayers for more rain answered with downpour

By Suzanne Zu'mut-Black Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Jan. 5 - In keeping both with the expectations of Muslims, who have been praying for rain for the past two weeks, and with a longstanding Christian tradition at this time of year the heavens today poured down rain.

But meanwhile, forecaster Ibrahim Al Atawi of the Meteorology Department predicted that the weather will gradually change to partly cloudy with scattered sho-

vers at times. Mr. Atawi explained that today's downpour was generated when a cold air mass moved southward over eastern Europe towards the eastern parts of the Mediterranean, causing the formation of a low pressure centred northwest of Cyprus. This low pressure was associated with a deep

upper cold trough, he added. On Jan. 3, the depression started to move slowly southeastward, and hung over Jordan on Jan. 3 and 4, Mr. Atawi said. The upper trough deepened more and created a state of instability which caused a lot of precipitation and thunder showers, sometimes with hail, all over the country, but mainly over the Mid-

dle and Southern regions, he said. The low pressure centre is expected to keep moving eastward, and a relatively cold and moist air mass will continue to blow over Jordan, Mr. Atawi predicted.

Therefore, the weather will be partly cloudy in general with sca-

much-needed rain.

Prayers answered

Thousands of Muslim worshippers turned out for Al Istisaq prayers over the past two weeks in a variety of open-air meeting places throughout the country. Imams at Friday prayers also recited special invocations to the Almighty God to send down the

Christians too praved for rain, and sort of anticipated it.

Ofcourse heavy rain is expected tonight. After all, tomorrow is Epiphany," sister Carmella, mother superior at Al Misdar Rosary Sisters Convent told the Jordan Times.

Director-General of Meteorology Department Ali Abanda

added a scientific approach to it all report that since 1860, only the through. He was quoted in today's Al Ra i newspaper as saying that it was possible statistically to have an above-the-average total rainfall for the first three months of this year. This might bring up the total rainfall for 1981-1982 to

Dr. Abanda gave the total rainfalls in the different areas until Dec. 31, 1981 and their relation in percentage to the annual average. Amman Airport rainfall of 25 mm formed 30 per cent of the annual average of rainfall; University of Jordan's 63 mm came up to 44%;

atoes, squash, sesame, melon and Deir Alla's 50 mm was 55%; Ailoun's 111 mm was 63%; while Aqaba Airport's 8.3 mm, all of

to be vetoed by the United States, 'discuss the U.S. position with rep-

watermelon will also be given the chance to prosper. This rain will also bring the fruit trees to life. Last but not least every drop will naturally help our water tes-

two years 1981 and 1881 have

shown the month of December to

be a dry one. No scientific exp-

Farmers welcome rain

To the anxious farmer this rain

can be very good news if it were to

continue for a while. Rains before,

the end of January will give good

prospects for legumes, lentils and

Summer crops, such as tom-

chickpeas and for vetches.

lanation was given.

came up to 75%. Al Ra'i also stated in the same

which came down in one hour.

ional Security Council.

Security Council meets today

orters but indicated that it would

be discussed in Washington later

today at a meeting of the U.S. Nat-

The debate set for tomorrow is a

follow-up to a resolution una-

nimously adopted by the Security

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 5 (R) -The U.N. Security Council decided today to resume debate tomorrow (2030 GMT) on Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights as members privately discussed the terms of a possible resolution.

Council sources said the Arab group was circulating a toughly worded text condemning Israel for its annexation last mouth of the Golan Heights.

It calls for the suspension of arms, trade and diplomatic rel-Charter's sanctions provisions.

ations with Israel under the U.N. But diplomats said it was certain and possibly also by Britain and France, if formally presented as a resolution. They said council members were

trying to find some middle ground that would satisfy Syria without inviting a veto. After Council members met pri-

vately to set the time for tomorrow's debate, the U.S. representative, Jeane Kirkpatrick, conferred with Syrian Ambassador Dia-Allah Al Fattal. She had a meeting earlier with Israeli Ambassador Yehuda Blum. Mrs. Kirkpatrick declined to

Council on Dec. 17 declaring Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights null and void and demanding that it be rescinded. In the event of non-compliance,

the council decided to meet by Jan. 5 "to consider taking appropriate measures in accordance with the charter of the United Nations.

Arab envoys discuss summit with Saudis

BEIRUT, Jan. 5 (Agencies) --Two senior Arab emissaries opened talks with Saudi government leaders today on reconvening an Arab summit conference in Mor-

Arab League Secretary-General Chedli Klibi and Moroccan Foreign Minister Mohammad Boucetta held separate conferences in Rivadh with Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Fahd and Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal, the agency said.

Mr. Boucetta was quoted by the agency as saying the meetings

Big Iraqi attack reported

BEIRUT, Jan. 5 (R) — Iraq said its forces today launched a big attack on Iranian positions in the central sector of the Gulf war front, killing more 1,800 of the enemy and wounding or capturing many others.

Their identity was not disclosed. A military communique, car-But police sources said they were. ried by the Iraqi News Agency members of the Red Brigades' (INA), said on the eve of cel-Rome column which distributed ebrations marking the 61st army propaganda leaflets last week day. Iraq's armed forces "scored a about Gen. Dozier's kidnapping. new victory against the Persian, Verona police chief Pasquale

racist enemy." Zappone disclosed yesterday that Listing operations over the last the Red Brigades had tried to kid-24 hours, the communique said nap a U.S. airforce brigadier-Iraqi forces attacked enemy trogeneral in Vicenza, 55 kms east of ops in the Gilan-e-Garb and they believed that two men arr- here, the day before they seized Sumar regions, in Iran's Ker-

ested in the capital last night were Gen. Dozier. manshah province. Fierce fighting took place res-Khartoum quiet but tense after ulting in our forces controlling the battlefield, perplexing the enemy protests against soaring prices and blocking supply routes," it

> It said the Iranians were "smashed" and had abandoned their positions in panic.

The communique said big quantities of arms and ammunition were seized.

"Defeated enemy troops have

die as our forces continue to tighten their siege," it added. It put Iraqi losses during the last 24 hours at 20 killed in the various

INA earlier quoted Iraqi Pre-sident Saddam Hussein as telling a cabinet meeting in Baghdad today that his country was on the verge of a decisive victory against Iran. The Iraqi News Agency quoted

the president as saying that Iraq is now on the threshold of achieving a final victory against the Iranian enemy." He said "the aggressive war

launched by Iran" was designed to undermine Iraq's development. Accordingly, Iraqi forces engaged in the war with Iran sought to prevent the enemy from desecrating our land and honour and to provide the opportunity to rec-

onstruct our country," he added. Referring to reported Israeli violation of Iraqi airspace twice within a week. President Hussein said Israel "cannot withstand an Iraqi victory."

'If Iraq emerges victorious, Israel will not exist. This is a fact," he

were part of consultations he and Mr. Klibi have undertaken to find out whether Arab heads of state were prepared to resume a summit

of Fez that broke up last Nov-

ember over a Saudi blueprint for Middle East peace.

being considered for reconvening conference in Morocco's holy city the Fez summit, the agency quoted Mr. Boucetta as saying "there

Saudi Arabia denies Assad sought to improve

BEIRUT, Jan. 5 (A.P.) - Saudi Arabia's Foreign Minister today denied as "baseless and false" foreign press reports of an alleged plan by Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to improve relations between Iran and Arab Gulf states, according to the Saudi Arabian news agency.

The agency quoted Prince Saud Al Faisal as saying Mr. Assad's recent tour of Arab Gulf states, which included a visit to Saudi Arabia, was part of a series of Arab contacts which he said were of paramount necessity in such crucial circumstances. He was referring to Israel's Dec. 14 annexation of Syria's Golan Heights.

is a need for more time to have Asked whether a final date was

consultations with Arab nations." Mr. Boucetta, however, expressed confidence that efforts to resolve inter-Arab disputes "will be successful in unifying Arab ranks."

duced a resumption of diplomatic relations between Arab Gulf states and Iran relations between Saudi Arabia and Libya after a 14-month break prompted by Col. Muammar

Qadhafi's charge that U.S. AWACS reconnaissance planes "desecrated" Islamic holiest shrines in Mecca and Medina by flying over Saudi Arabia.

policy," he said.

They also produced a resumption of diplomatic ties vesterday between Iraq and South

These efforts have so far pro-

Turn to page 3, col. 3

the cardinal consideration in our

Syrian pact with Moscow considered

Council's Golan debate.

JEDDAH, Jan. 5 (A.P.) - A failure by the U.N. Security Council to deal effectively with Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights may prompt Syria to conclude a strategic cooperation agreement with the Soviet Union, Syria's deputy prime minister was quoted today as saying.

Abdul Halim Khaddam made the statement in an interview with the London-based Arabiclanguage daily Al Sharaq Al Awsat (Middle East). An account of the interview, which will be published in the daily's Wednesday edition, was carried here by the Saudi press agency.

Mr. Khaddam said the strategic agreement would be similar to that concluded recently between the United States and Israel.

He said that Syria's decision on further tightening of military ries

with Moscow would also await a conference of Arab foreign ministers, expected to be held som-

Mr. Khaddam said financial aid provided to Syria by some Gulf ations with other Arab states are states was insufficient, "less than \$1.3 billion annually."

etime after the U.N. Security

and Israel-such a balance being David accord."

Mr. Khaddam said Syria's relimproving and expressed belief Egypt "will resume its normal pos-"This is not enough to effect a ition (in the Arab camp) after bru-military balance between Syria shing off the dust of the Camp

Libyan Congress resolves to speed up union with Syrians

BEIRUT, Jan. 5 (A.P.) - The People's General Congress, Libya's highest decision-making body, approved a four-point plan today to speed up a projected union between Syria and Libya, the Libyan state radio reported.

The pian was announced on the eve of a scheduled debate by the U.N. Security Council of Israel's refusal to rescind its effective annexation of Syria's Golan Heights.

It called for the establishment of a unified command for the armed forces of the two nations as well as a unified executive body made of Libya's present general people's committee (cabinet) and Syria's council of ministers, according to the broadcast. It was monitored in

The plan also proposed that par-liaments of the two nations—the People's General Congress and Svria's People's Council—convene in a "unified national congress" as part of the drive to speed up the

sident Hafez Al Assad signed an agreement to lead their two countries into a single state at once on Sept. 8, 1980. But translating the accord into reality has since been blocked by differences over the government system that will pre-

response to the new Libyan initiative, which stipulated that the "unified revolutionary leadership" of the two nations headed jointly by Mr. Assad and Col. Qadhafi begin measures taking the necessary to realise the union immediately.

A unified Syrian-Libya state would have a combined population of 12,275,000 with armed forces totalling 277,000 men equipped with 6,300 tanks and 850 combat aircraft, according to the 1981-82 edition of the Londonbased International Institute of Strategic Studies report on military forces.

The authoritative institute says Israel with a population of four million has a standing army of 172,000 men but is capable of mobilizing 400,000 in about 24 hours in wartime backed by 3,500 tanks and 602 combat aircraft.

The Libyan General People's Congress also resolved to expropriate funds and property of fugitive opponents of Col. Qadhafi's regime "who refused to return home despite repeated calls for

them to do so," the radio said. The names of opponents in exile whose property has been expropriated will be announced later along with the size and value of the funds and property, the broadcast

no alternative but to surrender or added. Repairs on sabotaged pipeline slowed by weather

BEIRUT, Jan. 5 (R) — Bad weather has slowed down repairs on a sabotaged pipeline for carrying Iraqi oil to the port of Tripoli in north Lebanon, a

Lebanese oil official said today. Unidentified saboteurs blew up the pipeline on Sunday, striking at an Iraqi bid to boost its oil exports, which have been sharply reduced by 15

months of war with Iran. The director of oil installations at Tripoli, Walid Mawlawi, told Reuters by telephone that repairs would take longer than the 24 hours he estimated yesterday because wintry weather had made welding difficult

being closed for five years, is a spur of a line that runs from the Iraqi oilfields to the Mediterranean coast of Syria. It was cut just inside Lebanon. The war with Iran prevented pumping from Iraq's main oil terminals on the Gulf, forcing it to rely on two pipelines, the one across Syria and

another through Turkey.

The pipeline, reopened only 12 days ago after

Mr. Mawlawi said the flow of Iraqi oil through the main pipeline to the Syrian port of Baniyas had not been affected by the sabotage on the spur to

He said it would be possible to resume pumping oil to Tripoli as soon as repairs were completed and Lebanese technicians were in contact with their counterparts in Iraq. Western oil industry sources in London have said

Iraqi exports recently fell below one million barrels per day (bpd), less than a third of the level before the Gulf war broke out in September 1980. But the Iraqis had been signing new contracts

The pipeline to Tripoli had been out of operation because of fighting between armed factions in Lebanon and disputes between Syria and Iraq over

and hoped to raise exports to around 1.3 million bpd, counting on the newly-reopened Tripoli outlet to move 200,000 bad.

union process. Col. Qadhafi and Syrian Pre-

vail in the unified state.

There was no immediate Syrian

with Papandreou

problems of Cyprus than pre-Vionsly *

4、水流等有效。

Reagan appoints Clark to upgraded Allen job WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 (R) —

NATIONAL

Volunteers give 31,500 work days in occupied lands

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

TEAMS OF voluntary welfare workers in the occupied Arab territories have contributed 31,500 voluntary work days during 1981 and helped to plant 6,000 olive. almond, fig and bannana trees and grapevines.

According to a recent bulletin, published by the Higher Committee for Voluntary Work in the occupied West Bank and Gaza, to commemorate the first anniversary of its formation, voluntary workers during the same year helped to reclaim 980 dunums of agricultural land in the Ramallah, Hebron, Bethlehem and Nablus districts, thus protecting these lands from expropriation by the Israeli occupation authorities.

The committee's bulletin also indicates that 1,300 work days were contributed to help farmers pick their olives, 750 work days during the grain harvest season and another 125 days to help farmers fight a disease that had struck their almond trees.

The Higher Committee for Voluntary Work in the occupied West Bank and Gaza was formed in November, 1980, to coordinate welfare work of some 37 already existing voluntary committees and to expand their scope. Within one year of its formation, the committee was able to increase the

number of its membercommittees to 87, while the number of active volunteers almost quadrupled from 1,200 to 4,500 volunteers. During the cholera epidemic last summer, voluntary work teams cooperated with municipal authorities in the occupied territories by launching a cleanliness and hygiene campaign in villages and densely-populated refugee camps. The teams also offered maintainance and repair services to churches, mosques, schools and other public facilities in scores of villages throughout the occupied West Bank last year. according to the bulletin.

The higher committee also formulated plans to organise voluntary welfare work in the densely-populated Gaza Strip, where voluntary work is still not as advanced as it is on the West Bank.

The committee arranged for volunteers from the West Bank and Gaza to participate in the fifth and sixth work camps in Nazareth, held consecutively in the summers of 1980 and 1981. The camps were organised by the municipal authorities of the Arab city of Nazareth and members of the Democratic Front for Peace and Equality. During the fifth work camp, 3,500 work days were put in by 1,200 volunteers, while 2,500 volunteers participated in the sixth camp and contributed 7,500 work days.

Voluntary community work on

the occupied West Bank and in as the planting of trees and lending Gaza as a movement had very humble beginnings. It began in 1970 in the West Bank town of Al Bireh as a reaction to surreptitious Israeli attempts to corrupt the young people in the occupied territories. The mayor of Al Bireh, Abdul Jawad Saleh, who was deported by the occupying authorities in 1974, told the Jordan Times that the Israelis were deliberately encouraging the spread of drugs and other vices among Palestinian young people. This signalled the

rgies of young people in a positive manner and channel their talents and abilities into efforts that would serve their communities, Mr. Saleh said. Mr. Saleh had also felt the need for activities that would help create qualities of mature and aware leadership among the younger generations in the occupied territories. The formation of vol-

untary welfare committees out-

side the framework of the more

limited, traditional welfare soc-

need for the organisation of activities that would absorb the ene-

ieties seemed the most suitable way of achieving these goals. Mr. Saleh also felt that the establishment of a voluntary work movement on a large popular basis would serve to remove outdated prejudices and stigmas attaching to manual work. One of the most important achievements that Mr. Saleh had felt could be gained by organised voluntary work, such a hand at harvesting, was strengthening the peasants' commitment to their lands -- a vital necessity in the face of escalating Israeli efforts to seize more lands in the occupied territories.

With all these aims in mind, Mr. Saleh called for a meeting of about 40 teachers in Bireh and Ramallah and proposed his idea to form voluntary teams that would include all age groups and would go out into the community to work. Some of those present had expressed reservations concerning the fea-sibility of the idea. Mr. Saleh said. To make things worse, the Israeli military governor summoned all those who had attended the meeting and warned them that they would be jailed or deported if they had any part in setting up the proposed voluntary work teams. There were, however, those who defied the orders of the military governor and a team of about 20 to 30 people of different ages was formed under Mr. Saleh.

Recalling their activities. Mr. Saleh said that they used to gather at the site of their task early in the morning with their tools. One such location was the town vegetable market in Bireh. As the day wore on and the members of the team toiled, other citizens became enthusiastic and joined in. At the end of each week, the team members used to meet to evaluate the week's activities and each other's performance. With the aim of

providing the young participants cutting down orange trees in growith training in the skills and proves belonging to farmers in Qalcedures of democratic leadership. Mr. Saleh had made it a practice that each meeting would be chaired by a different member of the

Several months later, the teams began to practice their activities in villages surrounding Bireh. Their help to the peasants during the olive picking and harvest seasons had been instrumental in keeping many peasants on their lands instead of turning into cheap labour for the Israelis, said Mr. Saleh, He explained that exorbitant wages paid out by farmers to hired lands during the olive picking and harvest seasons are up most of the farmers' profits, sometimes leaving them with hardly enough to cover the cost of cultivating their lands. The work of the voluntary teams had spared and continues to spare farmers these expenses. Mr. Saleh explained.

Of equal importance was the effect of these teams in educating peasants on the necessity of clinging to their lands at all cost and in persuading them into forming their own, local voluntary work teams and committees. Gradually. voluntary work teams were formed throughout the West Bank.

One of the significant achievements of the voluntary work movement in its early days occurred in 1971 in Qalqilva, recalled Mr. Saleh. Israelis from nearby settlements had been burning and

ves belonging to farmers in Qalqilya. Although many complaints were repeatedly made to the Israeli military governor, no measures were taken to deter the vandalism, which, on the contrary. seemed to be meeting with the tacit approval and encouragement of the military governor. The voluntary work committees gave an undertaking to the owners of the orange groves that they were willing to send 100 young men and women to replace every damaged tree and to guard the orchards by night. Measures were taken to ensure that the military governor and the marauding settlers heard of this plan, and the vandalism of the Israeli settlers came to a

Mr. Saleh said that voluntary team work has also been taken up by doctors and nurses in some West Bank hospitals. Medical teams are formed and the participants often spend their weekly holidays offering medical com-munity service to inhabitants of remote rural areas that do not have access to adequate medical facilities.

prompt end, said Mr. Saleh.

Voluntary work has also become a graduation requirement for every student at Birzeit University, said Mr. Saleh. He views this as an encouraging sign that voluntary work has really become well-established in the West Bank



A small team of volunteers helps in whitewashing houses in Birch

All these achievements, how- charges of "spending the night in ever, have not been without a Nazareth" without permits. price. The higher committee's bulwere arrested by the Israeli occupation authorities during the past year, During Day of the Land celebration on March 31, 140 volunteers were arrested. Another 32 were arrested on May 29 while helping farmers in Jericho, and three of them, including the president of the higher committee. were tried by a military court. Another 77 volunteers were arrested on Aug. 22, while participating in the sixth work camp

in Nazareth. They will be tried on

Mr. Saleh said that the activities letin indicates that 340 volunteers of the Higher Committee for Voluntary Work and its branch com-

mittees are financed entirely by private contributions. The biggest problem facing voluntary work in the occupied lands is the lack of adequate funds. Mr. Saleh looks forward to the day when the committee will be able to establish and manage some sort of a productive project that will bring in the necessary income to cover the committee's activities and also provide jobs for a good number of West

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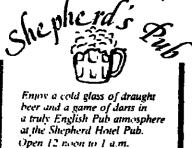
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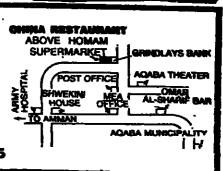
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NATIONAL

Queen visits armed forces headquarters



AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor this morning visited the armed forces headquarters, where she was received by Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces Lt. Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Chief of Staff Maj. Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb and ofher high-ranking officers. Queen Noor heard a briefing on the project

to construct a children's hospital at the King Hussein Medical Centre. She expressed her satisfaction with the high standard of the services rendered by the Royal Medical Corps, and the good care it provides to all armed forces members

Municipality fuel revenues on the rise

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) — The participants in a meeting of the

Arab federation for table tennis, which concluded in Amman

today, have sent cables of thanks to His Majesty King Hussein and

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the chairman of the

Jordanian Olympic Committee, for Jordan's hosting of the mee-

tings and the warm reception accorded to the delegation members

IRBID, Jan. 5 (J.T.) - A Jordanian citizen, identified only as

B.Z. from the town of Harimah, was murdered by his son the da

before yesterday. While the 50-year-old father, was washing his

head in the courtyard of his house, his mute son, 24 years of age,

identified as R.B.Z., killed him by firing three times at him with a

gun. The murderer surrendered to the police in Irbid, where the attorney general will investigate the crime.

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) - Minister of Social Development,

In am Al Mufti, who chairs the board of directors of the social

services community college, today discussed with the college's

dean and staff of its role in providing the local community with

qualified and trained social services workers. Mrs. Mufti called, during her visit to the college today, for increasing the eff-

ectiveness of the college, and a larger number of full-time ins-

ZAROA, Jan. 5 (Petra) — The committee for the improvement of the Zarqa refugee camp has decided to asphalt 20,000 square metres of streets in the camp, at a cost of JD 25,000. It has also

installed three new main water lines to replace old ones, in coo-

peration with Zarqa Municipality, at a cost of JD 1,000. The

committee has also decided to install signs to regulate traffic in the

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) — The permanent cultural agreements

committee held a meeting today at the National Planning Council

under its chairman, Mr. Mohammad Hussein Ali, in the presence

of representatives of the education and foreign ministries, the

University of Jordan, Yarmouk University and the Antiquities

Department. During the meeting, the participants discussed the

programme in final form, in preparation for presenting it to the

Mufti sees social services college

tructors and specialists at the college.

Zarqa camp improvements set

Table tennisers cable King, Prince

KARAK, Jan. 5 (Petra) - Municipality revenues from fees on fuels rose between 16-30 per cent last year and are expected to maintain the same rate this year, Minister of Municipal and Rural Aff-

during their stay in Jordan.

Mute murders father

ر زو در بارا

airs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani said today.

He added that the ministry's

in a training course for municipal basic intention this year is to upgrade village councils and their and village council accountants in Karak and Ma'an governorates. Mr. Momani said the training staffs to the standard of mun-

course was organised by the ministry to develop the capabilities of local government organs and enable them to better shoulder their responsibilities in serving their towns and villages.

He was addressing participants

He said that the ministry had introduced a new department for local government to care for the affairs of local councils and in order to modernise ideas, principles and legislation in municipalities and village councils.

The ministry held five seminars for mayors and two seminars for newly-appointed engineers and municipality librarians, in addition to training courses for accountants in Karak, Irbid and Ma'an governorates.

At the end of the graduation ART REVIEW ceremony. Mr. Momani distributed certificates to the 26 participants who were instructed for six weeks in accountancy and regulations relating to tenders.

The minister approved a JD 500 donation by every municipality in Karak Governorate to buy buses

to serve the entire region. The graduation ceremony took place in the framework of a tour, in which Mr. Momani opened new municipalities in 'Ain Al Beidah and Bir Al Ata'tah in Tafileh Dis-

Arab envoys discuss summit in Saudi Arabia

Continued from page 1

Yemen, whose relations were severed in mid-1979 over the assassination in Aden of an exiled Iraqi Communist professor and a Yemeni government charge that Iraq engineered the killing.

Reconciliation efforts have yet to resolve such major inter-Arab disputes as differences between Syria and Iraq and between Alg-

eria and Morocco over the Sahara. Attempts at closing Arab ranks were by immediately prompted by Israel's annexation of Syria's occupied Golan Heights last month. The first move came from Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, who undertook a weeklong tour of seven nations in the Arabian Peninsula late in December that resulted in an agreement with Saudi Arabia on the need to reconvene the Fez summit.

Mr. Assad was among the Arab heads of state whose absence from the Fez meeting on Nov. 5 caused the summit's indefinite adjournment. He and others were reported at the time to have objected to the Fahd plan that was put forward at the Fez summit for pan-Arab endorsement.

Press reports said Arab nations opposing the plan were now ready to ease their opposition to it in order to rally all Arabs behind Syria in its confrontation with Isr-

Arab nations of the Arabian Gulf appeared, meanwhile, to be more outspokenly supportive of Iraq in its war with Iran on the Gulf's northern flank.

Iraq on Sunday urged all Arab countries to sever diplomatic relations with Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini regime, accusing Iranian diplomatic missions in the Arab World of sabotage acts against the security of others.

New pattern of agriculture adopted for Jordan Valley

Minister Mudar Badran presided over a meeting today of the Higber Agricultural Council and approved a working paper proposing a pattern for agricultural dev-clopment in the Jordan Valley.

The paper defines the agricultural pattern currently in practice, its most important characteristics, the factors influencing agricultural production at present and the marketing of agricultural

The working paper divides the Jordan Valley into four zones according to water, soil and climate. It makes several recommendations calling for the encouragement of the application of modern agricultural techniques. diversification of agriculture, promotion of exports through competition, encouragement of scientific research and economic feasibility studies of the various crops and combatting diseases resulting from the introduction of new crops.

The paper also calls for flexibility in the application of the proposed pattern, the regulation of the process of agricultural mechanisation and the formation of a followup committee to implement the proposed pattern.

During the four-hour meeting. Mr. Badran affirmed the need of translating the council's working papers to tangible, practical reality. He also called for increased coordination among the various departments concerned with agricultural policy and the development of agriculture in Jordan.

The prime minister also called for defining the goals behind the application of an agricultural pattern defining the trends of expansion and development in this Mr. Badran affirmed the sig-

nificance of the continuation of raising the slogan of national food security, and pointed out the significance of organising agriculture and agricultural production in the Jordan Valley by adopting an agricultural policy that takes into consideration the cultivation of those types of produce that can be

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) - Prime acceptable on the local and international levels. At the beginning of the mee-

ting, the council discussed the organisation of its work for the present year. It decided to hold a meeting each month. The next meeting will be held on Jan. 26.

The council also decided to form a committee to draw up titles for working papers dealing with the components of agricultural policy and the development of agrculture in Jordan. The committee will be composed of the minister of agriculture, the president of the Jordan Valley Authority (JVA), the president of the National Planning Council, the undersecretary of the Ministry of Agriculture, the director general of the Agricultural Credit Corporation and the chairman of the Jordan Valley Farmers Association.

Saudi Arabia pays up Libya commitment

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (J.T.) -- Al Ra'i newspaper reported today that the Ministry of Finance has received a sum of money from Sandi Arabia in payment of its share of Libya's financial support for Jordan for the year 1980. Libya had pledged at the Baghdad summit conference to support Jordan but has not yet fulfilled its commitment. Algeria, which also promised to support Jordan financially, paid its financial commitments for the year 1979 and then sto-

Saudi Arabia, Iraq, the United Arab Emirates and Kuwait had pledged at the Amman summit conference in 1980 to pay Libya's and Algeria's financial commitments to Jordan if they failed to do so.



Prime Minister Mudar Badran chairs a meeting of the Higher Agriculture Council Tuesday (Petra photo)

JETT marks its birthday with 10 new Pullman buses

By Suzanne Zu'mut-Black Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Jan. 5 — The Jordan Express Tourist Transport Company (JETT) celebrated the tenth anniversary of its operations in Amman today by adding 10 more Pullman coaches to an already modern fleet of 70 long-distance

The occasion was marked by a reception and luncheon held today at the Amman Marriott Hotel under the patronage of His Highness Prince Mohammad, chairman of the Higher Tourism Committee. After lunch-at which Minister of Tourism Ma'an Abu Nowar stood in for Prince Mohammad -- the guests had a chance to have a close look at the new coaches, and were briefed on the special facilities and luxuries they

The newly-acquired vehicles are made by Newplan of Stuttgart. and are classified by the manufacturer as "super deluxe." They are of the "high version" type, being four meters high. The seats are designed to offer the utmost in comfort for long-distance trips, while two refrigerators and a galley on each bus provide the drink and hot meals which can be comfortably enjoyed off fold-away

To ease the journey even more, each coach is equipped with a toilet, a video machine and cold running drinking water, while pri-vacy is protected by one-way window glass, making the bus a perfect cocoon.

The new Pullmans will supplement the 70 Mercedes coaches JETT now uses for schedule and charter travel. Twenty of these operate on the regular daily routes to Aqaba, Damascus and Baghdad. Passengers have a choice of two daily trips each way between Amman and Agaba, and as many as four a day connecting Amman with Damascus and vice versa. Another four trips each way are offered daily between Amman and Baghdad.

"These routes require advance reservations, and go on schedule whether full or not," explained Mr. Adnan Al Mufti, who has been director general of the company ever since it was first founded in Jerusalem in 1966.

Another regular JETT operation is a daily "comprehensive" run to Petra, which includes a guided tour of the ancient city along with horse-ride. "Our specialty, however, is the incoming tourist."

Mr. Mufti told the Jordan Times .. Fifty buses have so far been al! ocated for charter tours. It is tot irist agencies which plan the e trips; and unlike the regular io ameys, for which JETT provides hostesses, the chartered bus has to be provided with a guide by the

Asked what he had to say in reply to many travel agents' complaints of a shortage in buses. Mr. Mufti stated firmly that it was , not possible to have extra buse s or, inventory solely for use during a single week of peak tourist se ason, around Easter or in October. You can't just freeze mill: ons of dinars like that," he said . Economically it's not viable.

"Anyway, I don't think we will have any more problems, with our new coaches.

JETT started its Araman operations in 1972, with a staff of in. Now it has 150 employees there. including the administrative staff. drivers and hostesses. Its major shareholders are the government. with 25,000 shares; Cairo Bank

(40,000 shares), and Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline (20,000 shares), while the remaining 215,000 shares are distributed among 450 other parties.

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN —"One of the projects of art," writes one art critic, "is to reconcile us with the world not by protest, irony or political metaphor, but by the ecstatic contemplation of pleasure in nature." This statement originally referred to the work of such artists as Seurat, Monet and Matisse, among others; but it could also be applied to the work of Ammar Khammash, now on exhibition at the Alia Art Gailery.

It is applicable not only because Khammash's oils and watercolours are wonderfully bright, optimistic, glowingly untroubled views of Jordan's colourful sougs and gentle landscapes, but because in his work there are hints of the influences of these great art-

One is reminded especially of Monet's "Rue Montergueil decked out in Flags" in Khammash's bazaar scenes, where all the details of the bustling people and the overladen stalls are immersed in and engulfed by the large brushstrokes of vivid and variegated colours. Virtually abstract, these scenes melt out, as the viewer recedes, into their different components. The whole panorama becomes apparent, with its rising levels of street crowned by striped awnings, in turn topped by the hil-Iside houses. In "Salt-Al Hammam Street," Khammash's love for the old architecture reveals itself. The eye is drawn along the sheltered alley way, where it is suddenly arrested by the contrasting detail of the yellowstoned, arch-windowed house.

Salt understandably is a place the artist is drawn to time and again. In "Salt II" Khammash catches the town's yellowness, its seemingly haphazard geometry as each house, clamouring for its own view, rises above the next. He explores the light and shade of the endless flights of curving stairs and the glints of bright colour-the turquoise blues and reds-of the tall thin windows that reflect the unseen sky.

Unfortunately, not all the artist's Salt paintings work so well. In the watercolour "Salt I" the continuous monochrome wash of the sky takes the luminosity out of the picture. It is as Sisley wrote: "The sky cannot be merely background. On the contrary it contributes not only through the depth given by its planes (for the sky has planes just as the earth has); it also gives movement by its form."

Lack of depth is also a problem with the oil entitled "Citadel of Salt". The many variations in the hues of the old houses certainly add interest, but by using the same tone in both the foreground and the background the composition loses its perspective. The loss is compounded by the fact there is no point of interest--no stairway to lead one into the picture, no break in the continuity of the squares by which to force an entry--and so the eye wanders helplessly to and fro.

None of these criticisms, how-

ever, are true of the landscape watercolours, which reach perfection in pieces like "Mukhaiba", "Jerash", "Olives" and many more. Here the artist's favourite scenes are the rolling, olive-clad hills which he portrays in brushstrokes of fragmented, vibrant shades, in a frangible but taut pattern of individual colours that knit their way swiftly across the paper. The spheres of the olives, with the underlying circular patches of shade, contrast with the dashing, mobile pinks, siennas and umbers of the earth, which rises -- as in "Jerash" -- beneath them. The star of the palm, the arrow head of the cypresses add to the spontaneity, the freshness, the vivacity of touch that are the hallmarks of these immensely attractive pieces.

Although in general the oil paintings of these same scenes tend to lose some of this spontaneity, there are some--notably 'Aqaba"-that do not. Here the artist depicts the entire scene-from the palm-fringed shore to the distant rocky mountains--in almost abstract brushstrokes of bright and daring

The blocky geometry achieved by this technique is not repeated in the smaller oils, but it is in the large "Canjun Festival", where combined with the electric col-

to Arab and foreign countries.

Ammar Khammash: bold, confident and very good



'Aqaba': an oil painting by Ammar Khammash

ours, it evokes the spirit of the carnival, an atmosphere of fun in the shapes which resolve themselves from a far to depict a relaxed but active crowd.

It is when the artist strays from this geometry or from the softer effect of "stippling" - demonstrated well in "Zai II" for example - that the oils fail to work. In "Zai I" and in "Palestinian Embroidery', the paint thickly encircles, and almost obliterates, smaller points of colour. Patches of the same colour link together to form a continuous block, a heavy mattress-like covering of pigment. Gone is the freshness and movement, and in its place, contrived, unnatural shapes sit uncomfortably in the picture.

Khammash's large oils are a further extension of his style, and although the subject matter-the endless rows of cans and bottles on

List of exports requested for awards

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) --- The Amman Chamber of Commerce

has requested the Jordanian industrial establishments to prepare

The aim behind the preparation of these lists is to distribute

awards to major exporters in the past year according to standards

laid down by a joint committee composed of officials from the

Ministry of Trade and Industry and the Amman Chamber of

It will be recalled that the Amman Chamber of Commerce has

been using such incentives to encourage Jordanian businesses to

export and also to boost the volume of Jordanian goods exported

lists of the products they have exported in 1981.

the supermarket shelf or the nea- and thus catch the same instly arranged mass of vegetables in tantaneous freshness that can only the stall-has been exploited by be caught by painting directly on pop artists such as Warhol, the colours and the patterns owe much more to Matisse. The obj- imately the very individual reauty ects rising two-dimensionally in of the Jordanian scenery, that front of us are defined just enough to tell you what they are, without losing the flow and rhythm of their the secret of his confidence and design. They are bold, confident optimism. and very good works of art.

Many young Jordanian artists could learn much from Khammash, who is only 20 himself. They should follow in his footsteps around the Jordanian countryside,"

the spot. They should learn to see the colours, the shapes and uit-Khammash so obviously sees. And then maybe they would know

The paintings are for sale at prices starting at JD 120 for the watercolours, going up to JD 600 for the large oils. The exhibition runs until Jan. 9.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

Paintings by French neorealists, at the Jordan National Gallery.

* Photographic exhibition entitled "Our Cities: Past and Present," at the Haya Arts Centre.

Paintings by Ammar Khammash, at the Alia Art Gallery.

Film

* The British Council presents "Death on the Nile," based on the novel by Agatha Christie, at 8 p.m. Refreshments available from 7

draft executive programme of a cultural agreement between Jordan and Italy, whose aim is to strengthen cultural cooperation between the two countries. The committee prepared the draft

competent authorities for approval.

Cultural committee meets

Cooperatives course begins AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) — A training course will begin next Saturday at the training institute of the Jordan Cooperative Organisation for the new employees of the organisation. The participants will receive during the 17-day course lectures on cooperative work, its methods, cooperative accountancy, methods of

Irbid Civil Defence course starts

financial analysis and cooperative information.

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) - A training course in civil defence tasks began at the Irbid Civil Defence Department today. The participants in this one-week training course will be instructed in extinguishing fires, guidance and first aid. Thirty-seven employees from different government establishments and department in Irbid will participate in this course.

Alia gets aviation award

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) - Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, has been awarded an award for civil aviation by the international committee for civil aviation in Paris. The chairman of the commirree, who presented the award to the head of Alia public relations at Alia's Paris office in a ceremony yesterday, praised the efficiency of the Alia fleet and the efforts made to develop it continually. He also praised Alia's recent introduction of Lockheed TriStar jet liners on its routes.

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Hear, hear

HOW TOUCHING it is to hear a heartfelt cry for freedom and democracy for the downtrodden Polish people from the lectern at Israel's Knesset. Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, speaking in that forum this week, made it clear that he was truly concerned for the well-being of his countrymen—and they are his true countrymen, since Mr. Shamir was, after all, born in Poland.

Indeed, Mr. Shamir was so carried away with his compassion for the Poles that he failed to notice the absurdity of the language he was using. "We are a democracy," Mr. Shamir said, and it is "the obligation of democratic countries... to act together for the defence and advancement of democracy." Well spoken, ivir. Shamir! But while you're at it, how about advancing democracy a little bit for the people held in the rall by your "democratic" regime? It's all very fine to have elections, a parliament and all that for you we ho are on top; but what about those whose aspire ations to freedom you ignore?

This is not in any way to downplay the gravity of the sit uation in Poland. Undeniably, the Poles are in difficult straits, and the "state of war" means we will hear little from the Polish masses themselves for some time. But how long has it been since the Arabs of Pakestine have been allowed any measure of dignity? The tanks on the streets of Warsaw may be an abomination; but what of the streets of Jerusalem? Are they not entitled to a bit of peace, too?

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Shape of things to come

AL RA'I: The United Nations Security Council is supposed to meet today to discuss the appropriate measures which have to be adopted against Israel because of its decision to annex the Golan Heights. At the same time the Israeli mass media have become very active stressing that the Israeli officials have obtained solemn promises from Washington that the latter will use its right of veto to obstruct any Security Council resolution to punish Israel.

Although the Arabs do not want to anticipate events by saying that the Israeli announcement tells of the yet undeclared official stand of the United States, the statements voiced by U.S. officials do not give a positive image of what the U.S. stand at the Security Council's session will be. The special Israeli-U.S. relations have time and again utilised the U.S. veto to save Israel from international punishment.

Should the U.S. administration prevent the Security Council from punishing Israel, whether by using or by threatening to use its right of veto, then this would mean that the U.S. opposition to israel's annexation of the Golan Heights is part of the policy to "give the Arabs mere talk to calm them and Israel the freedom to do whatever it likes."

Such a U.S. stand will be a blatant proof of the United State's double dealings. The United States have not deemed it embarrassing to impose sanctions against the Soviet Union and Poland despite the fact that what is taking place there is a domestic affair, whereas Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights is an act of aggression against a member state of the United Nations which was condemned by the international community.

But the fact remains that no matter what stand the United States adopts at the Security Council's session today, the Arabs will be provided with a "better understanding" of the future of U.S. dealings with them.

Awaiting the resolution

AL DUSTOUR: It is expected that the United Nations Security Council will adopt unanimously resolutions imposing punishment on Israel because it has refused to rescind its decision to annex the Goian Heights at the request of the Security Council which had unanimously condemned the Israeli decision, considered it null and void and threatened to impose punishment of the Zionist entity if it did not retract its aggressive measures.

The Security Council meets today to implement what it had previously agreed on unanimously. No state has the excuse now to back on a stand it had adopted or a resolution it had participated in formulating because Israel has rejected to comply with that resolution and defied the international will embodied in the Security Council. Israel has also provoked and defied the United Nations member states

Nations member states.

What is worrying is that the United States might reverse it frank and clear stand and refrain from voting in favour of the Security Council's resolution denouncing the Golan Heights annexation

which would decide to punish Israel if it did not retract its stand.

The United States, rumours say, might use its right to veto any resolution in order to foil imposing any international punishment on Israel. If the United States does this it will not only be protecting Israel from getting punished but will encourage it to embark on more expansionist steps.

The Arabs must not remain silent and inactive towards any state that might support the Israeli aggression and enable Israel to annex the Golan Heights as it annexed Jerusalem. No state should believe that it can exploit the current Arab situation and continue with the game of double dealings, double stands, and double talk.

The first Arab step will be taken by the Arab foreign ministers who will meet next week to assess the situation in light of the Security Council's resolution and the stands of the states who will vote in favour of or against imposing punishment on Israel. Arab relations with these states will be reconsidered in view of their stand on the development of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

We hope that the Arab foreign ministers' meeting will be the springboard for a serious and honest beginning to other effective Arab steps to strengthen solidarity and to unite efforts in confronting the grave developments ensuing from Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights and from the negative stands of some states that support the policy of Zionist aggression and expansion in this region.

SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

Three-dimensional television

By Dr. Awn Rifai

While the reproduction of live sound has been perfected over the past few decades, that of live pictures still presents some problems. According to the initial predictions, the television viewer at home will be able to see three - dimensional (3-D) films, without the need for special glasses, during this decade, something to look forward to as we enter the year 1982!

The creation of an impression of natural movement has been a fantasy occupying scientists for some time. The reproduction of the impression of 3-D movement has been believed to be connected with the light characteristics of objects and of the eye, which led to the invention of special eye-glasses to trick the vision. Despite its limited success, this approach was neither sufficient nor practical. Today, digital electronics and computers are providing an alternative means o re-create 3-D pictures.

The pictures formed by computers have started to change the work procedures in many institutions dealing with information and data. The developments in the computer software and hardware have led to added precision in the formation of 3-D pictures and to more such applications. Much progress has been achieved due to consorted efforts by computer specialists, artists physicists, psychiatrists, and film producers.

Scientists have utilised microprocessors to handle the video signals and form a 3-D picture on the television screen. They are also studying the feasibility of using such an innovation with the existing television sets with the aid of an adaptor. The replacement of the current sets in the market and at home will be too impractical and costly.

Some television stations are already transmitting 3-D films which can be picked up by the usual sets. However, they require the viewer to wear special glasses that can separate the colours and create the impression of depth. But having to remain seated in a specific position, and to look at the screen from a particular angle, can cause discomfort to the viewer.

In addition to the improvement in the process of forming the picture, there should also be a parallel development in the initial production of the film in order to bolster the 3-D impression created by the electronic systems. Scientists indicate that the successful operation of the 3-D television requires that the scene appears jumping before the screen up to a few centimetres from the viewer, and

timetres from the viewer, and falling back into the screen to a distance of several hundred metres. The viewer should be able to watch the films without special glasses, and without any strain to his eyes, while sitting anywhere in the room. This will necessitate great care in every stage during the production and transmission of the films.

Some television manufacturers are trying to produce and market television sets which do not operate with the traditional tube that leads to the screen. One aim is to cut down the depth of the set to only a few centimetres, since it is the length of the tube that limits the depth of the set. It will be fascinating, and somewhat ironic, to be able to produce a two-dimensional set displaying a three-dimensional film. This will be a far cry from what some viewers experience in some areas of Jordan, where the only third dimension they see is that of the 'ghost images' appearing on their screens!.

Canada independent

By Charles J. Hanley WITHOUT firing a shot, Canada will finally win full independence in 1982.

Sometime in February or March, the British Parliament is expected to approve legislation that will end Britain's archaic control over the Canadian constitution, after first inserting a U.S.-style bill or rights in the document.

For 50 years, Britain had sought to surrender its legislative power over the constitution, the British North America Act of 1867, but Canada's federal and provincial leaders were unable to agree on a method for ratifying future amendments once it was in Canadian hands.

Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau and the premiers of the nine English-speaking provinces finally reached agreement last Nov. 5 on a constitutional reform plan, and the Canadian Parliament approved it in December.

Rene Levesque, separatist premier of French-speaking Quebec Province, rejected the constitutional accord, objecting that it diminishes Quebec's provincial powers, including the power over the language of education in the schools, a sensitive issue in Quebec.

Levesque's Partie Ottobecom (PQ) enters 1982 with a tough on the independence of a revised platform adopted at a PQ policy convention in December.

vention in December.

It calls for fighting the next provincial election — anytime between 1982 and 1986 — solely on the issue of secession, and for declaring independence from English-speaking Canada if it wim a parliamentary majority, even if it does not win a popular-vote majority and has no guarantee of a continued close economic as-

ociation with Canada.

Levesque, a relative moderate, within the party, opposes the new hard line and has scheduled a referendum on these policies among the 300,000 members of the PQ is late January and February. If he wins, as expected, it could widen the division between militants and moderates within the party.

While fencing with Quebec separatists with one hand, the Trudeau government will have to deal with a severe economic slump with the other. In the second half of 1981, the Canadian economy followed the U.S. into recessor. Unemployment in November stood at 8.2 per cent.

-- Associated Press



Inter-German talks, limited, realistic

By Jonathan Carr

SIRENS WAILED, whistles blew and dozens of leaflets floated down bearing the word "Krise," repeated time after time. "This is the end," called an old man from the stage, his last word almost cut off by the fall of the curtain.

Little wonder that the audience at East Berlin's Komische Oper left in sombre mood, as though shell-shocked. The work they had seen -- Kurt Weill and Bertolt Brecht's "Rise and Fall of the City of Mahagonny" (1927) -- aims to show the collapse of the capitalist way of life. But the East Berlin production seems to go much further, warning how escalating crisis can mean the end of life itself.

This concern above all was the Leitmotif of the talks held in December near East Berlin between Herr Helmut Schmidt, West Germany's Chancellor, and Herr Erich Honecker, the East German state and Communist Party leader. The two Germanies are fundamentally at odds on many key issues, but they have one overwhelming thing in common: as the front-line states of their respective alliances, they would be the first to go under — and probably be obliterated — in an

East-West nuclear war.

Herr Honecker made that clear enough when he talked of a possible nuclear catastrophe and then, almost in the same breath,



noted that both German states "located as they are at the centre of Europe and at the dividing line between the two world systems and the two military alliances, need peace and detente to a special degree."

Herr Schmidt noted in his reply that the U.S.-Soviet negotiations on intermediate-range nuclear weapons had begun in Geneva, and stressed that "above all because the Second World War emerged from German soil, we Germans cannot and should not restrict ourselves to the role of interested spectators (of the superpower talks),"

The question is what action can Bonn and East Berlin take to try to see that the worst does not happen. Few would deny that the West Germans have influenced both NATO's general strategy on intermediate-range nuclear weapons, as well as Washington's tactical approach to the Geneva talks. But what room for manoeuvre does Herr Honecker have

with Moscow?

Some of Herr Schmidt's remarks during this summit meeting might be interpreted as meaning that be believes Herr Honecker can fulfill this role. The idea that medium-sized European states of

East as well as West can influence the superpowers is, after all, not a new one to the Chancellor. But the key example of this on the Eastern side — the arrangement by Mr. Edward Gierek, the former Polish leader, of a summit in Warsaw last year between Russia and France — itself serves to show the

Aides to the Chancellor suggest that the realistic objectives at present are more modest — but still hard to achieve and well worth aiming for. The two German states, it is said, can make a new effort to reduce those matters of bilateral friction which themselves could be the cause of East-West tension. And they can have far more intensive contacts than hitherto, so that each side understands better the reasoning of the other made the case.

the other and the pressures under which each is working.

On the face of it, that does not sound like very much, but as Herr Schmidt noted during his visit, he has had frequent talks with the top Soviet leadership and knows pretty well by now how President

Leonid Brezhnev's mind works.

But the Chancellor had never been to East Germany since he took office in 1974, and has only twice met Herr Honecker before

on the fringes of international galherings in Helsinki and Belgrad. The absence of contacts at the highest level has, in Bonn's view, increased the dangers of miscalculation. It has meant a lack of political impetus to solve a host of billateral problems -- hum

anitarian, economic and technical In more than 15 hours of talks each leader gained a better idea of the other's scope for manoeuve, and there is said to have been as increase in mutual respect. Her Honecker is due to come to West Germany this year to continue the dialogue.

In the interim, talks will begin on a long-term economic according to the two states, and Borst will be surprised if the East fails to make some move to improve conditions for West Germans while wish to visit friends and relatives across the border.

This is a long way from the cuphoria at the start of the "Ospolitik" era a decade ago, but there is at least a chance that this low-key dialogue will become a regular one because it is not over rourdened with the highest exp

ectations.

When asked two months ago in assess the significance of a Honecker-Schmidt meeting. A close aide to the Chancellor said the significance is that one German will be talking to another. German. In this case that's a very musual event."

-- Financial Times News Feature



= JONOMY

Higher bank rates boost dollar

LONDON, Jan. 5 (R) — The dollar rose on European foreign exchange markets today despite one heavy sale of the U.S. currency, which dealers said was probably made on behalf of the Soviet Union.

The dollar was boosted by interest rate rises on Eurodollar deposits-dollars held outside the United States, they said.

The dealers said the sale on the Frankfurt currency market of \$60 million by one bank, which may

repay some of Poland's out- feeling that U.S. interest rates standing debts, checked the rise of would soon fall. the U.S. currency.

But in London this afternoon the dollar was still trading at around 2.26 marks, almost two pfennings higher than yesterday's close of 2.2410 marks. It also rose from \$1.9265 to the pound ste-

rling to 1.9170 today.

The dollar recovered most of

Gold also rose to \$403.5 an ounce during trading in London from yesterday's close of \$395.5. Gold rallied to \$403.5 in New York yesterday and dealers said the metal is being bought by central banks and Far East investors each time it falls below \$400 an

Patience over due Polish debts expected from Western banks

FRANKFURT, Jan. 5 (R) — A special working group of Western banks will tackle the problem of Polish commercial debt falling due in 1982 when they meet in London on Friday but little alternative is seen to continued patience, banking sources said here today.

27

Since last March a gentleman's agreement between Poland and 500 Western bank creditors has meant to repayments of principal have been demanded on Warsaw's 1981 obligations, pending the signing of an agreement rescheduling the \$2.4 billion of debt that fell due last year.

Obligations for 1982 are not covered in the gentleman's agreement, which is now held up amid uncertainty over whether Poland has found the \$350 million it needs to complete payments of interest on the 1981 debt, as required by the banks as a condition for the rescheduling.

The Friday meeting will bring together seven banks forming a documentation working group for the 19-bank international task force handling the Polish debt problem, plus lawyers and accountants, the sources said.

They will also discuss technical details of the proposed rescheduling but the Polish state bank for foreign trade, Bank Handlowy, is not expected to att-

The fact that the 1982 debt is not covered by last year's gentleman's agreement has increased fears among Poland's leading bank creditors that a small bank, less closely involved in the negotiations, may declare a default on a loan falling due this year, the sources said. Other banks would then have to follow suit under cross-default clauses to protect

their interests. The working group is expected to recommend on Friday to the full task force that banks continue their cautious, wait-and-see attitude, though it is unclear whether the gentleman's agreement can be extended without an official request from Poland, the sources said. This has not been received.

Since the end of last March banks have been rolling over or granting extensions on Polish loans on a monthly basis as they fall due, on the understanding that a rescheduling agreement is in the

Bankers say they expect this system will have to be applied to debts falling due this year, though one added "patience is wearing

Poland owes \$27 billion to Western banks and governments, of which the commercial debt is around \$16 billion. Total debt falling due in 1982 is estimated at \$10.1 billion, with the banks owed just under half that

Weekend reports from Western sources in Warsaw that Poland now has the \$350 million to com-

NEW YORK, Jan. 5 (R) — A

sudden drop in sales of home app-

liances has thrown thousands of

Americans out of work in recent

weeks as the industry reels under

the impact of the U.S. recession.

immediate outlook was gloomy

for makers of washing machines,

Their sales suddenly dropped in

October after three quarters of

refrigerators and other large app

Industry analysts said today the

plete its 1981 interest obligations have not been confirmed, the sources said. Dresdner Bank, agent bank for the rescheduling, has telexed Bank Handlowy in Warsaw seeking confirmation but has yet to get a reply.

The delay in the signing of the agreement on the 1981 commercial debt is expected to hold up talks between governments on the money owed to them in 1982, the sources added.

Poland's main Western government creditors are due to meet in Paris in mid-January for talks on the 1982 official debt. Bankers said they doubted that this meeting would go ahead until the 1981 commercial bank rescheduling agreement was signed.

One banker said the delay in negotiations with banks might suit Western governments since a decision not to go ahead with the meeting on official debt could be justified on economic grounds and would not be seen as political retaliation against the declaration of

Consumers postponed pur-chases on credit because of high

interest rates, which also caused

retailers to cut inventories. Man-

ufacturers reduced production as

their stocks swelled and laid off

The General Electric Company

indefinitely and sent home 10,000

more for the whole of December, Maytag made 350 workers red-

ad laid off 1,700 workers

Unemployment hits U.S. appliances industry

Fighting the new breed of pirates

By Robert McDonald

LONDON: Shipping broker Kaare Gilboe was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment for fraud this month and ordered to pay \$43,000 in fines after having been "targeted" by the International Maritime Bureau (IMB).

The most serious of the eight New York, for which he had coloffences of which he was found guilty was a \$3.5 million fraud against the China National Cha-

rtering Corporation of Peking. Targeting involves pinpointing a man suspected of fraud and then alerting the police forces of all the countries in which he operates until he puts the slightest foot

Gilboe, 33 and a Norwegian, was general manager of a Hong Kong based firm called Bundo Lines Company. The frauds against the Chinese were perpetrated between 1978 and 1980.

China National paid millions of dollars to companies named by Gilboe on the understanding that the money would be forwarded to shipowners to charter vessels to. ship grain from Argentina and the United States. In fact the money was diverted to bank accounts in

the Bahamas. Usually the investigation of such frauds gets bogged down in problems over jurisdiction. But the International Maritime Bureau, a creation of the Paris-based International Chamber of Commerce, relies on an old-boy network of police and shipping contacts to track its targets.

Gilboe was monitored in Korea and Japan through the IMB's contacts with the International Association of Airports and Seaports Police. He was finally arrested after a relatively minor \$300,000 fraud against Libra Maritime of

Christmas holiday closure of fac-

High interest rates, the result of

tight money policies of the Federal

reserve, the U.S. central bank, are

blamed for much American une-

mployment. They have made bor-

rowing more expensive for both

the jobless rate could rise to 10 per

cent of the labour force in 1982

Wall Street economists believe

lected freight monies and failed to forward cargoes.

Tipped off by the Bureau, FBI investigators arrested Gilboe while he was having dinner in a motel and led him away in handcuffs. He was eventually found guilty by a federal jury on eight counts of fraud.

"It was a question of beautiful co-operation between the Communist Chinese government and the capitalist American government," an IMB spokesman said.

The IMB, which is approaching its first anniversary, now counts thirteen major shipping organisations among its members -the latest is the Baltic Exchange -and 47 individual shipping related companies.

It was formally endorsed by the United Nations' Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organisation (IMCO) at its 12th biannual assembly in London (November 9-20).

A formal resolution urged "all interests and organisations concerned to co-operate fully with the International Chamber of Commerce and, as appropriate, with its International Maritime Bureau in taking effective measures for the further prevention of maritime

It also urged governments to offer "all appropriate cooperation", including the exchange of information.

imates it produced 28.5 million units last year, up 1.3 per cent from 1980. But a 22 per cent increase in output of microwave ovens, to about four million units, disguised declining sales of other major appliances.

General Electric estimated a appliances for 1981, or five per cent if microwave ovens were excluded from the figures.

At the last IMCO Assembly, moves were afoot to establish an international convention against barratry, the legal term covering the various forms of modernday piracy. It was then estimated that the problem was costing the industry up to half a billion dollars a

But, as U.N. conventions are ponderous things and can take up to a decade or more to bring into force, arguments for more flexible, more active means to prosecute fraud were canvassed. The IMB is one result.

There is a possibility that in time the bureau might become the active fraud prevention arm of IMCO on a contractual basis, although this is some way down the road, and there are strong doubts about the degree of government control which might then be exercised.

The Bureau's work could be hampered by conflicting political interests. For example in countries wracked with civil strife, cargo diversion might be seen by one group as fraud and by another as legitimate economic subversion of interests threatening the state.

But this is all in the future. For the moment, the IMB is trying to consolidate and extend existing commercial operations. In a recent report, director Eric Ellen claimed that frauds valued at \$57 million had been thwarted in the first year of operation and "numerous" others had been averted by the dissemination of intelligence to potential victims.

Members get regular confidential information about the activities of targeted brokers. One such is currently advertising space available on three ships out of Europe to the Middle East. The ships do not exist.

Unwitting customers who fail to check out his offer will pay their freight charges in advance only to find that the man has skipped with the money. Each fraud could net up to \$2 million - tax free.

Mr. Ellen has called for the creation of Maritime Crime Liaison Agencies to co-operate with the IMB in fraud prevention. They should be part of existing police commercial crime bureaux but staffed by specially trained off-

icers.
The unit should have the means to contract brokers and auditors as consultants and, once a suspect is targeted, governments should assign a judicial officer to assist in the inquiry and the preparation of the prosecution.

Unemployment soars in France

PARIS, Jan. 5 (R) - Unemployment soared in France during 1981, a year in which a Socialist government came to power with creation of jobs as its top priority. according to figures published yes-Meanwhile, Kaare Gilboe is

The National Employment Agency said 2,019,000 people were registered as unemployed at the end of Pecember, an increase of 23.7 per cent for the year.

The agency also said its preliminary seasonally-adjusted figures showed unemployment rose 0.1 per cent in December compared with the previous month.

This means that about eight per cent of the workforce were without Financial Times news feature jobs.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Jan. 5 (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

1.9185/95 One sterling 1.1881/84 One U.S. dollar 2.2545/55 2.4710/35 1.8040/50 38.36/38 5.7200/30 1202.50/1203.25 218.05/15 5.5410/30

Mr. Ellen argues that such spe-

cialist units working within the

constraints of existing laws would

probably prove more effective

than the enactment of any special

paying a heavy price for attracting

the attention of the IMB. On top

of his 20 year prison sentence and

his fines, he will have to serve five

years' probation and pay the full

prosecution costs of his case. He

has also been ordered to make res-

titution to his victims, as directed

by his probation officer. And that

could cost him a very tidy sum ind-

new legislation against fraud.

Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

7.3460/80 One ounce of gold 401.00/401.75 U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

5.7990/8020

LONDON, Jan. 5 (R) - Share prices finished well above early lows after the U.K. banking figures, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was down 4.5 at 517.8.

The Bank of England estimated that sterling M3 grew by about 1/4 per cent in the three weeks to December nine, less than the market had anticipated. A fall in clearing bank lending also boosted sentiment, dealers added. GEC ended unchanged at 812 after 802 though other leading

shares generally finished between 1p and 4p lower after a dull Prices had initially retreated against a background of industrial

unrest, though selling was light, dealers said. B.P. and Vickers both shed 6p and leading banks, though off the lows, remained 5p to 8p below last night's close. Thomas Ward ended op up at 21n ifter 218 on its forecast of increased profits in a circular rejecting RTZ's bid. RTZ added 2p to 429.

Government bonds, down one point at the long end at midday. rallied to show net losses of around 1/2 point after the banking

Gold shares firmed slightly in quiet trading as the bullion price

LOCAL

EXCHANGE

RATES

Kuwaiti dinar 1196.6/1200.8

Egyptian pound 336 339.6

W. German mark 150/150/9

Swiss franc 187.5/188.6

French franc 59.2/59.6

Dutch guilder 136.4/137.2

. 601.6.610

... 92.3′92.8

. 336.5/338.5

. 649 1.65

22070

Saudi riyal

Lebanese pound

U.S. dollar

U.K. sterling

Italian lire

undant and 4,900 Whirlpool emp-Analysts said sales would decunusually strong business, and from 8.4 per cent in November Too often frauds escape conlovees have lost their jobs. analysts blame high interest rates when nine million people were out line two to four per cent this year, viction on legal niceties incmoved above \$400. and a moribund housing con-Other firms have laid off staff, of work. with no improvement likely until omprehensible to ordinary police The appliance industry eststruction industry. and extended by a week or two the the second half of 1982. investigators.

Roman Theatre, Amman, One-CHURCHES

JORDAN TELEVISION

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| 5:50 . 6:20 (7:15 . 7:25 . 8:00 9:20 . | Koran Cartoons Children's Programme Local Programme Local Programme News in Arabic Arabic Series Arabic play News in Arabic |
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French Programm

News in French

Management

News in Arabic

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ntary: Prince Reg-

News in English

CHANNEL 6

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9:10

ent 10:00 10:15

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RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

| 7:00 Sign on |
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| 7:01 Morning Show |
| 7:81 Morning Show 7:39 News Bulletin |
| 7:40 Morning Show |
| 1048 News Headines |
| 10-03 Morning Show 10-30 30 Minute Theatre |
| 19:30 30 Minute Theatre |
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| 11:00 Signing off 12:00 News Headlines |
| 12:03 Pop Session |
| 13-99 News Summary |
| 13:03 Pop Session |
| 14:00 News Balletia |
| 14:10 Instrumentals |
| 14:30 North by Sea |
| 15:00 Concert Hour |
| 16:00 News Summary |
| 16:03 Instrumentais |
| 16:30 Old Favourites |
| 17:00 French Pop Stars |
| 17:38 Pop Session |
| 18:00 News Summary |
| 18:03 Story Time |
| 18230 Jibran Jibran |
| 19:00 News Dask (News Bulletin, |
| Press Review, News Reports) |
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Instrumentals Evening Show 21:00 21:03 Evening Show News Headlines 21:57 . Close down

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

| 04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Country |
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| Style 04:45 Financial News 04:55 |
| Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 |
| Hours News Summary 05:30 Bar- bershop Style 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 A |
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| Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 A |
| Touch of Genius 07:00 World |
| News; 24 Hours News Summary |
| Touch of Genius 07:90 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 97:30 Letter from London 7:49 |
| Book Choice 97:45 Report on Rel- |
| igion 08:00 World News; Ref- |
| lections 98:15 The King of Ins- |
| trumentals 98:30 Take it or Leave |
| it 09:00 World News; British Press |
| Review 09:15 The World Today |
| 69:30 Financial News 09:40 Look |
| Ahead 99:45 Terry Wogan's |
| Album Time 10:15 Classical Rec- |
| ord Review 10:30 The Red and the |
| OLG MCARA 10:20 THE VEG STATUTE |
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| about Britain 11:15 Listening Post |
| 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio New- |
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| The Farming World 12:45 Sports |
| The Farming World 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:90 World News; 24 |
| Hours News Summary 13:30 Radio |
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| 16:00 World News; Commentary |
| 16:15 Musician at Large 16:45 The |
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VOICE OF AMERICA

ments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arr-

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| | Beirut (MEA) |
| 91:00 | Cairc |

Spy Fiction 23:30 Top Twenty

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:90 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "Space and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; pews 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, backgrounf features, media com-

ivals and departures are provided to Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before

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DEPARTURES:

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| 9:25 Beirut (MEA) | |
| 9:30 Amsterdam (KLM) | |
| 10-25 Caralla (KLM) | |
| 10:25 Copenhagen (SK) | |
| 11:00Vienna, New York | |
| 11:36Cairo | |
| 11:45 Larnaca (CY) | |
| 12:00 London | |
| 15:00 Jeddah (SV) | |
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| 16:30 Kuwait (KAC) | |
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| 19:30 Jeddah | |
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| 21:15 Dubai, Ras Al Khaimah | |
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EMERGENCIES

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Asfour Khalid 23230 23715 Al-Shabid . 21891 25095 **CULTURAL CENTRES**

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| American Centre | 41520 |
| British Council 3 | 6147-8 |
| French Cultural Centre | 37009 |
| Goethe Institute | 41993 |
| Soviet Cultural Centre | 44203 |
| Spanish Cultural Centre | 24049 |
| Turkish Cultural Centre | 39777 |
| Haya Arts Centre | 65195 |
| Al Hussein Youth City | 67181 |
| Y.W.C.A | 41793 |
| Y.W.M.A | 64251 |
| Amman Municipal Library | 36111 |
| University of Jordan L | ibгагу 8 43666 |
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1.30 p.m. 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

Year-round. Tel. 51760 truments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

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SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel,

MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays, Tel. 64240. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The ning hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical ins-

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-

sdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century ori-entalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

St. Joseph Church (Roman Cat-bolic) Jabal Amman 24590 De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein 66428 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23585 Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh 75261 Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh 71331

Church of the Annunciation

(Roman Catholic) Jabal Luw-

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PRAYER TIMES

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Cablegram or telegram

Jordan and Middle East trunk calls

Overseas radio and satellite calls

Information

| Ambulance (government) | 75111 |
|--|----------|
| Civil Defence rescue | 61111 |
| Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) | 36381-2 |
| Municipal water service (emergency) | 37111-3 |
| Police headquarters | 39141 |
| Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English | spoken) |
| 24 hours a day for emergency | 1. 37777 |
| Airport information (ALIA) 922 | 05/92286 |
| Jordan Television | 73111 |
| Radio Jordan | 74111 |
| | |

USEF

Telephone maintenance and repair service 11 **MARKET PRICES**

| Tomatoes 300 | 200 | Broad Beans450 | ا بىرى |
|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|----------|
| Eggplant (small) 170 | 130 | | 400 |
| | 100 | Bananas (Mukammar) | 180 |
| Eggplant (large) 140 | | Apples (Golden) 240 | 200 (|
| Potatoes (imported) 140 | 100 | Apples (Double Red) | 200 |
| Marrow (small) 140 | 100 | Apples (Starken)230 | 180 |
| Marrow (large)90 | 60 | Lemons | 100 |
| Cucumber (small) 350 | 300 | Oranges (Abu surra) | 200 |
| Cucumber (large)250 | 200 | Oranges (Shamouti) | 120 |
| Hot Green Pepper 150 | 100 | Oranges (local) 120 | 80 |
| Sweet Pepper 170 | 120 | Oranges (French)140 | 100 |
| Cabbage 100 | 70 | Cauliflowers | 90 |
| Onions (dry) 100 | 70 | Tangerine | 2001 |
| Green onions 200 | 150 | Bomali | 120 |
| Garlic 400 | 300 | Carrot | 100 |
| Spinach 120 | 80 | Ternips 140 | 100 |
| Cocount (piece) 380 | 300 | Chestnut 500 | 100 |
| Beans 300 | 250 | Grapefruit 110 | |
| Bananas260 | 200 | Beet | 80 90 |
| | | • | - 1 |

Jordan to host 9th Arab table tennis tournament

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (Petra) — The Chairman of the Arab Table Tennis Federation Suleiman Al Jabhan said today that the federation has decided to organise the 9th Arab table tennis tournament in Jordan in

Speaking at a press conference in Amman today about the resolutions and recommendations adopted by the federation's board of directors which concluded its meetings in Amman yesterday, Mr. Jabhan said the board has decided to name the Arab training tournaments held in Damascus last October as the 'Arab refining tournaments.' The board has also decided to transfer the headquarters of printing the federation's bulletin to Amman.

It has also approved a request by the Kuwaiti Table Tennis Federation to make the new cup created by the federation's general assembly part of the Arab tournaments cups for beginners as of the eighth Arab table tennis tournament which will be organised in Mor-

Magic spins of Yardley may save Australia

SYDNEY, Jan. 5 (R) — The spinning magic of Bruce Yardley has given Australia on outside chance of winning the second test against the West Indians on the final day tomorrow.

Yardley today took seven wickets for 98 in 31.4 overs as the West Indies were dismissed for 255.

But Australia's victory target of 373 runs, whittled back by their second innings score of 54 without loss at the close, is still a formidable one for what was a brittle batting line-up in their first innings. And the slow over rate of the West Indies fast attack could limit any effort to look for quick runs tomorrow.

MOSCOW (DaD) --- Gymnast Eberhard Gienger

ended a superb international career at the Moscow

world championships as runner-up to Alexander

Tkachev of the Soviet Union. But he scored full marks, 10, on the horizontal bar, his speciality.

Over the past 13 years Gienger, 30, has won

TENDER NOTICE

JORDAN ELECTRICITY

AUTHORITY

AQABA THERMAL POWER

STATION

TENDER No. 2/82

BOILER ISLAND

Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) announces the ava-

ilability of the Boiler Island Documents, Tender No. 2/82,

for the Aqaba Thermal Power Station, from the consulting

engineer offices, as of January 5, 1982, and from the Jor-

dan Electricity Authority offices as of January 6, 1982.

The tender consists of supply, delivery, erection, testing and commissioning of two boilers to supply steamflow req-

It is expected that only internationally-competent firms

with ample experience in this type of works, done outside

Documents are available for collection against payment of a non-refundable fee of JD 150 or \$450 per set consisting

uired for the two turbo-generators of 130 MW each.

their own country, will participate in this tender.

Purchase and Procurement Department

of two copies at the following addresses:

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Chas. T. Main International Inc.

Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A.

Telephone: (617) 262 - 3200

Telex: 940598

Southeast Tower, Prudential Center

Telex No. 21259 JEASAK JO

Gymnast Gienger ends a

superb international career

Australia smashes Holland

BOMBAY, Jan. 5 (A.P.) — Australia beat Holland 3-2 in a hardfought pool B' match between the two hockey giants today at the fifth World Cup hockey toumament bere.

At halftime, Australia led 1-0. The goal came in the 32nd minute off a penalty comer.

In pool 'A', Argentina defeated 1976 Montreal Olympics champion New Zealand 5-3 after leading 2-1 at halftime.

Defending World Cup holder Pakistan beat West Germany 5 to 3 after leading 2-0 at halftime of their pool 'A' thriller.

England defeated Malaysia 1 to Oin pool B' after a scoreless first

With today's victories, Pakistan and Australia, unbeaten so far in the 15-day tournament, head pools 'A' and 'B' respectively. West Germany is no. 2 in pool 'A', while in pool 'B' Holland is placed

Australia faces its toughest match on Thursday against 1980 Moscow Olympics champion India. which was earlier edged 3-4 by Holland.

The Australians played very well today after their lackluster 2-0 win over England Sunday.

Skipper Charles worth, left-in Haqelhurst and right-half Smith Argentina opened its score in the seventh minute through a penalty stroke. Centre-forward Parrepeatedly penetrated the Dutch kins converted a penalty push in defence However Teren Walsh the 15th minute to equalise the appeared out of form. score for New Zealand.

Dutch captain Paul Litjens. However. Argentina got into reputed to be the world's best the lead three minutes later when penalty corner specialist, failed forward Mercello Gorroffo drimiserably against Australia. Litjens' five penalty corner hits could bbled past several defenders and beat the goalkeeper. not beat goalkeeper G. Reid or In the second half, three goals defender Smith.

Recovering after three consecutive defeats. Argentina thoroughly dominated New Zealand today. New Zealand was awarded nine penalty corners, two of which resulted in penalty strokes, but could convert only two.

| Pool 'A' | P | w | Ð | L | GF | GA | Pt |
|--------------|---|----|---|---|----|----|-----|
| Pakistan | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 8 | 8 |
| West Germany | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 9 | 6 |
| Poland | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 4 |
| Argentina | 4 | 1. | 0 | 3 | 7 | 13 | . 2 |
| New Zealand | 4 | 1 | ō | 3 | 9 | 19 | 2 |
| Spain | 3 | Ü | 0 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 0 |
| Pool 'B' | | | • | | | | |
| Australia | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 8 |
| Vetherlands | 4 | 3 | ō | 1 | 15 | 9 | 6 |
| india | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 16 | 8 | 4 |
| England | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 3 |
| Soviet Union | 3 | ō | ī | 2 | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| Malavsia | 4 | ŏ | ō | 4 | 3 | 13 | Ō |

Woman streaks to fame at rugby match

LONDON, Jan. 5 (A.P.) - A Buxom young woman who streaked topless at a rugby match has become in instant celebrity in Britain and her father thinks it's

Three days after her spo-ntaneous media exposure. 24year-old Erika Roe has hired a business agent to handle a rush of offers, one from a menswear chain that wants her to model double-breasted men's suits.

Miss Roe unveiled her 103 cm bust at intermission of a televised rugby match Saturday between England and Australia in Twickenham, southwest of London. Police rushed onto the field and took her into custody, but no charges were lodged. The game resumed and England won 15-11.

Later Miss Roe appeared on a national television programme and her photograph has adorned nearly all Britain's national newspapers.

"It's great fun to be famous," said Miss Roe, a book store assistant. "I've been offered more money that I've ever earned bef-

Armstrong: N. Ireland's favourite son

by Fernando Gonzalez and Mas-

cmeron put Argentina ahead 5-1

before New Zealand fought back

and scored two additional goals.

the World Cup Hockey cha-

mpionship today.

Standings after the eighth day of

BELFAST, Jan. 5 (R) — Gerry Armstrong is not the sort of int-emational striker for whose services a manager would offer a blank cheque. He can't even hold down a regular place with English second division club Watford.

But for all his limitations as a player, Armstrong is now one of Northern Ireland's favourite sons.

He ensured himself a warm welcome wherever he travels in the trouble-torn province by scoring the only goal of Northern Ireland's last World Soccer Cup qualifying tie here last month.

It was the most important goal of his 34-game international career, earning the Irish a place in the final stages of the World Cup for the first time for 24 years.

Armstrong, whose failure to win a regular spot in the Tottenham side prompted his move to Watford, epitomises the spirit of the Irish team.

But what the Irish lack in genuine class they do their best to compensate for with sheer ent-

Billy Bingham is the man responsible for harnessing this enthusiasm to a team which draws on an almost equal proportion of Protestants and Catholics.

The religious differences which have blighted life in the province for so many years are conspicious by their absence in the Irish soccer

Bingham was a member of the Irish team which did so well in Sweden in 1958 - the only previous occasion they have appeared in the final stages of the competition.

A tricky winger, Bingham helped the unfancied Irish to two wins over Czechoslovakia and a draw with West Germany, the defending champions. They were eventually brought down to earth by France in the quarter - finals.

None of Bingham's charges could be more pleased than goalkeeper Pat Jennings, a veteran of 89 internationals. "I thought it had all passed me by," he adm-

Jennings puts the biggest hands in British football to very good use in the Irish cause. He conceded only two goals - one a penalty - in the six qualifying; ties in which he played.

The Arsenal goalkeeper, an international for 17 years, said: "It is a unique achievement to qualify when you look at the players at our disposal. We are never going to win it but we won't be going just for the ride. There's no pressure so we can enjoy ourselves."

'If some of the best teams in Spain are on top form there is no way we should be able to live with them. We can just hope to have a below-par day and we play out of our skins. Jennings, 36, is one of three

class players round whom Bingham will be striving to build a

The others are skipper Martin

O'Neill, who played a significant role in Nottingham Forest's European Cup triumphs in 1979 and 1980, and Manchester United striker Sammy McIlroy.

O'Neill, now with Manchester City, is a great reader of the game and will be expected to make things tick in midfield, while McIlroy has the flair to unlock the best of defences.

Others who could make an impact in Spain are Mal Donaghy, a versatile defender with English second division pacemakers Luton, and Blackburn's Moel Brotherston, a gifted midfielder who deserves a better stage for his skills than the third division.

Hopes that George Best, by far the best player the country has produced, would win a place in Bingham's World Cup squad were dashed when he turned his back on a first division comeback with Middlesbrough.

The former Manchester United star, now 35, ducked out of a lucrative deal with the unfashionable north-eastern club and flew back to the United States to see out his contract with North American Soccer League (NASL) side San Jose Earthquakes.

Best, whose off-the-field exploits have made as many headlines as his genius on the pitch, said: "Going back to California has ruined my chances of playing in the World Cup. But it's just one of those things."

Steve Coppell signs new deal with Manchester United

MANCHESTER, England, Jan. 5 (R) - England international

The move ended rumours that United might try to sell Coppell to recoup some of the £1.5 they shelled out last year to acquire Bryan Robson, Britain's costliest footballer, from West Ham. Coppell (26) said "There were a few minor details to be sorted out but I never really wanted to play for anyone else."

winger Steve Coppell today signed a new five-year contract which will keep him with first division Manchester United until he is 31.

HOUSE FOR RENT

Consisting of three bedrooms, salon, dining room, sitting room, study, maid's room, three bathrooms, three verandas and central heating. Can be let furnished or

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INVESTMENT CO.

QUALIFIED SECRETARY WANTED

International Contracting & Investment Co. has a vacancy for a full-time secretary. Candidates should have at least three years' experience, excellent command of English and a certificate from a secretarial school with a one-year course covering shorthand, typing, correspondence and general office management.

Applications are to be submitted by hand to the Administration Department at the company's head office on University Road, behind the Al Ra'i and Jordan Times newspaper building.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHABIF 1981 by Chicago Tribune

Q.1 - Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦K98** ♥ **A84 ♦ QJ653 ♣K6** The hidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 ○ Pass 1 ♥ Pass

What do you bid now? A. - We are not averse to raising partner with three trumps to an honor - in-

deed, we recommend it highly on most hands that contain a ruffing value. Here, however, you have a minimum opening bid, a balanced hand and a stopper in every suit. One no trump is surely a more descriptive rebid than a raise to two

Q.2-As South, vulnerable,

you hold: **♦**AKJ985 ♥J ∴6 **♣Q10762** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 2 7 Pass 1 🕈 Pass 3 0 Pass Pass 4 7 Pass

What action do you take? A .- Despite your repeated spade bids, partner has shown no inclination to let you play in that suit. You can be sure that his suit is at least as good as yours, probably better, and that his support for spades is not nearly as good as yours is for hearts. You have just run out of bids — pass.

Q.3—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ◆A109 ♥AKJ107 ♦KJ1084 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

1 7 Pass 1 NT Pass

What do you bid now?

A. - Your excellent suits and good intermediates suggest that a game should be makable in one of your suits, so a jump shift would seem to be the natural rebid. But there is a danger that partner might have length and most of his values in clubs. Therefore, we would take the slightly conservative action of just bidding two diamonds.

If partner cannot move over that, game is doubtful.

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: + A1086 ♥A ♥Q986 +J952 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass Pass IV Pass 1 + Pass INT Pass

A .- If you have a game on this hand, it will be in no trump and not in a minor suit. Therefore, there is no point at all in introducing one of your minor suits. With 11 HCP, you do not have enough to commit your side to game, but you do have the values to issue an invitation, and two no trump stands head and shoulders above any other

action. Q.5 - As South, vulnerable, you hold: **♦K8 ♥KJ6 ♦AJ9652 ♣75** The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East Pass 2 + Pass 10 Pass 3 0 Pass 2 0 What action do you take? A .- This is close. You have a minimum opening bid, but partner's actions have been most encouraging. He must

have a reasonable hand to respond at the two-level and then raise your suit. Since you have the unbid suits stopped, we suggest you chance three no trump. It appears as if your diamond suit will produce six tricks, and the lead of either major will give you a seventh. It's not too much to ask that your partner's hand produce two more.

Q.6 - East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: +J9832 ♥865 06 +Q943 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 1 ♦ Dble Pass

What action do you take? A.-Neither your spade holding nor your hand is strong enough to justify converting partner's takeout double for penalties. And you are not strong enough to venture one no trump. Bid two clubs, and be thankful that you have a suit to bid that is as good as four to the queen.

India holds the trump card as England loses 1st innings

CALCUTTA, Jan. 5 (R) -- England failed to achieve the breakthrough they desperately needed when India set off in pursuit of 306 for victory on the fourth-day of the fourth cricket test today.

Openers Sunil Gavaskar and Krish Srikanth survived a torrid half hour against pace bowlers Bob Willis and Ian Botham to take their side to five for no wicket when bad light ended play a few minutes before the scheduled

close. The match ends tomorrow. England were unlucky not to claim the prize scalp of Gavaskar in Willis' first over. He edged ner-

vously in to the slips but the ball feli just short of Ian Botham. No side have made more than

275 in the fourth innings to win a test in India and the Indians are expected to concentrate on securing a draw tomorrow which would preserve their 1-0 lead in the six-match series.

England, resuming at 49 for one this morning, were indebted to David Gower and skipper Keith Fletcher for the bulk of their runs.

They shared a fifth wicket stand of 105 as the touring team reached 265 for five declared, Gower made 74 and Fletcher 60 not out.

BRITISH LADIES OF AMMAN

The next meeting will be today, wednesday the sixth of January, at 10 a.m. at the Sheraton Hotel. An informal get together...new members welcome.

GOOD LOCATION-FOR RENT

A house with independent telephone and central heating. Three bedrooms, two sitting rooms, two glazed verandas and maid's room; very spacious kitchen. Wall-to-wall carpeting. Planted garden and parking area. Located in 6th - 7th

circle area, Jabal Amman. Can be let furnished or unf-

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HOW LIFE BEGINS LAND MINES IN THE SINAI NEWS MEDIA IN ISRAEL

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The closing date for receiving the proposal will be Thursday April 15, 1982, at 10:00 a.m. **Director General**

WANTED_By FRENCH family_ Small furnished house or apartment (ground floor preferable) consisting of 2-3 bedrooms, with telephone and

In one of the following areas: Shmeisani, Abdoun, Jabal Luweibdeh or University Road. Call 43306 or 41361, ext. 656, from 9 a.m. - 1p.m. and 3:30 -

three European titles, a world title, Olympic bro-

uze, 34 national titles, a world student title and

"Now I have retired I am going to smoke my

first-ever cigar," he said in the Soviet capital.

three World Cups.

Telecommunication Corporations INVITATION TO TENDER No. TCC 1/82 for a COMPUTERIZED DIRECT

The Telecommunications Corporation of Jordan (TCC) floats this tender for the procurement, installation and commissioning of a computerized direct data entry system.

DATA ENTRY SYSTEM

1. Agents or representatives of qualified companies may obtain a copy of the requirements and specifications from:

Secretary of the Tender Committee **Telecommunications Corporation** 3rd Circle Jabal Amman

Against a non-refundable payment of JD 20.

2. The latest date for submission of bids to the above address is 1400 hours, local time, Sunday, Feb. 21, 1982.

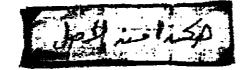
3. Bids should be submitted in 3 separately bound copies, each enclosed in a separate envelope and suitably sealed.

4. A bid bond of five per cent of the total offer

Jordan, should be submitted with the offer.

amount, to be issued from a known bank in

Eng. Mohammad Shahid Ismail



FEATURES

Things look terrible for cows and pigs at the animal farm

By Geoffrey Atkins

-- Reuter -IICAGO — The pigs are bored. e chickens suffer from heat

ess. And it's too draughty for That's the situation down on the m nowadays, according to

'nimal rights' activists whose mpaign to change things could by ove a costly headache for Ameh an farmers.

In The issue was in focus here this ek in a session on animal care d welfare during the annual eting of the American society agricultural engineers.

Opponents of drastic reforms y they would sharply curtail od output and cost farmers milns of dollars. They also argue at it is in the farmer's best intest to look after his animals, as e more healthy and content they e, the more productive they are ely to be.

The activists are demanding five sic rights for animals: the freloms to get up, lie down, turn ound, stretch, and groom or

four ordinary words.

NOYGA

TAFAL

CLOWAL

Print answer here:

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

They cited some of the conditions farm animals have to put

- Pigs in confinement suffer from boredom, poor ventilation

and inadequate lighting.

- Poultry is afflicoed by summer heat stress and overcrowding.

 Cattle being prepared for slaughter on feeding lots lack windbreaks and shade.

--Confined cattle and calves have inadequate bedding. Christine Stevens, president of

Animal Welfare Institute in Washington D.C., told the meeting that in existing farm systems, laying hens are confined to small, overcrowded battery cages where they cannot spread their wings.

Sometimes conditions are so crowded not all of them can stand on the cage floor simultaneously, she said. The slanted wire floors also cause foot deformities, she

Mrs. Stevens attacked what she termed the ridiculous luxury trade in white veal which, she said, restricts iron content in the calves' feed "to the very edge of causing clinical anaemia.

"If the meat is merely pink, as normal, healthy veal should be,

WHAT SOME PEOPLE WHO MAKE PRESERVED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES EVIDENTLY EAT.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-

gested by the above cartoon.

THEY "

Jumbles: GROUP FUZZY BRONCO FERRET

Answer: What they called the chief cook at the monastery—THE "FRYER" (friar)

the farmer is likely to be docked as much as 10 cents a pound by the slaughterhouse," she added.

Discussing animal transport Mrs. Stevens said the 1873 act passed by the U.S. Congress, and still basically in force, only protects animals travelling by rail. It does not take into account the increased use of trucks in which animals are often badly handled, she alleged.

But Dr. Leroy Hahn of the Roman Hruska U.S. meat animal research centre, at Clay Centre, Nebraska, said there is a generally high level of animal care and husbandry on most U.S. farms today.

He said productivity has inc-

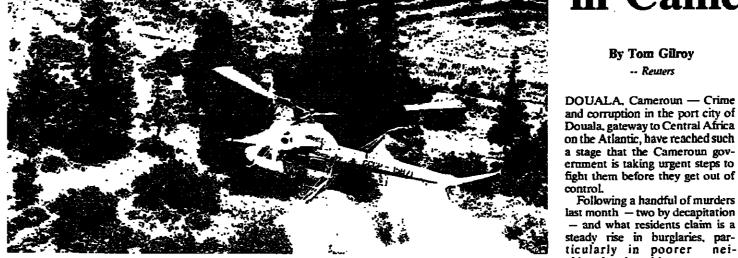
reased through improved environments for livestock located in areas with adverse climates. Although Dr. Hahn conceded that the average space per animal

housed has decreased, he said that, like humans, animals have adapted to today's environment. "To return animals adapted to a housed environment to a foraging environment would result in unt-

old losses of animals and performance," he told the meeting. He said housed animals are unlikely to be killed by predators, or starve in winter and gorge in spring, and are less susceptible to

parasites and disease. Noting the greatly increased productivity from large-scale and often mechanised farm operations, he said output per hour of labour for all poultry and egg output in the United States has increased nearly 700 per cent in 25

THE BETTER HALF



Starting where Jason left off

Citrus orchards of the Mziuri state farm of the Gali District, planted on the place of former swamps,

are doped with fertilisers from a helicopter.

The lowlands jammed between the Major and Minor Caucasus Ridges on the Black Sea's coast are identified as Colchis, the land where, according to Greek myths, Jason once arrived in the lead of fifty Argonauts seeking the Golden Fleece, and fell in love with Medea the Enchantress. The Golden Fleece has been the embodiment of the innumerable riches of Colchis, but until recently they were out of people's reach. In the prerevolutionary time, Colchis was a country of swamps, malaria

Over the years of the Soviet government, the lowlands of Colchis has been transformed drastically. The country has been covered with a network of drainage systems, which turned Colchis into the biggest Soviet citrus orchard. A well-known novel by Konstantin Paustovsky, "Colchis", describes just that enormous job that resulted in prosperity of a country, which earlier could barely sup-

port its inhabitants. In 1979, the CPSU Central Committee and the Council of

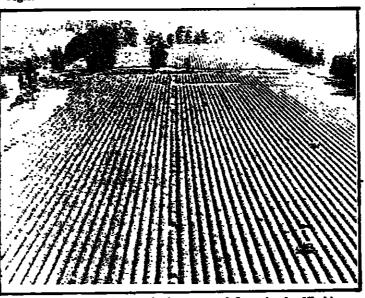
By Vinson

Ministers of the USSR passed a joint decree on measures to build up production of subtropical crops and further development of agriculture in the Georgian SSR. In Georgia, where mountains cover the better part of the territory, efficient land exploitation is essential. Thus reclamation of Colchis is a key national task. Over the years of 1976-1980, development projects of Colchis received 100 million roubles - as much as over the whole previous history of the

Swamps and shrubs gave way to tea and fruit plantations, and cosy towns with comfortable houses, and social and services centres.

The remaining portion of swamps are now drained by nine divisions of the Kolkidstroi Land Reclamation Association, equipped with over a thousand earth-moving vehicles, bulldozers, lorries, cranes and

Over 1981-1985, there will be reclaimed 35,000 hectares of land in Colchis.



Tea plantations of the Kwaloni communal farm in the Khobi District, planted on the place of former swamps. (TASS)

Fighting crime in Cameroun

By Tom Gilroy -- Reuters

DOUALA, Cameroun - Crime and corruption in the port city of Douala, gateway to Central Africa on the Atlantic, have reached such a stage that the Cameroun government is taking urgent steps to

control. Following a handful of murders last month - two by decapitation - and what residents claim is a steady rise in burglaries, particularly in poorer nei-ghbourhoods, citizens "committees of vigilance" have been set up to help police patrol some sections of the city.

To stem the mushrooming problem of "white-collar crime," the federal government has set stiff penalties and in some cases mandatory jail terms for wrongdoers.

At the same time, local and national authorities, as well as the government press, have sharply criticised city workers for the growth of fraud and bribery in government services.

"Corruption in Douala is serious and generalised to such an extent that people now view us with distrust," an angry Governor Marcel Medjo Akono told an audience of the city's top and middle level bureaucrats, summoned specifically to mear the reprimand.

On several occasions in the last two months, Justice Minister Gilbert Andze Tsoungui has denounced the growing incidence of "white collar crime," particularly in Douala, Cameroun's booming economic capital.

In a recent interview with the government-owned Cameroun Tribune daily newspaper, he reminded the population that passing bad cheques carries a penalty ranging from 100,000 CFA francs (\$350) to one million CFA francs (\$3,500), as well as a mandatory jail sentence ranging from five to 10 years.

Because of the steady rise in fraudulent cheques here, banks must now submit a list of comcheques during the preceding month to the central bank. Guilty parties generally lose the right to cash cheques for an extended period of time.

To some extent, the increase in crime and corruption here appears to be an unwanted, but perhaps inevitable, side-effect of rapid economic development.

Thanks largely to a booming oil exploration sector, which is centred in Douala, the city's economy has jumped in the last three years. and is now flourishing with an estimated 10,000 white expatriates working here.

And while the changes have been largely positive -- greatly increased construction activity, a doubling of the foreign banking presence in two years, and a steady stream of foreign investors looking to operate here -- the new wealth has brought problems as

Douala is now growing by more than five percent a year with most of the newcomers young, unskilled men who join the lines of unemployed outside the labour office and at construction sites.

Prices for almost everything here have risen sharply in the last two years, despite government controls on some items, such as food. Rents in most areas of the city have doubled over the same period.

Despite those problems, however, and government concern, crime and corruption in Douala fall well short of the endemic problems found in some other major African cities. Though the murders last month

provoked concern among both officials and residents here, violent crime in Douala has been rare up to now, with neither whites nor Africans expressing fear about venturing out at night.

And while government officials and businesses complain about corruption, most often payment for necessary services, expatriates with long experience throughout the continent say the problem here is nowhere near as serious as say Lagos or Kinshasa.

'That," said a Cameroun businessman, however, "is why the government is taking steps now, before its too late, before it becomes a plague". In a place like Kinshasa, it is already too late."

27 Slouches

31 City on

33 Uncanny

38 Taro root

letters

energy

36 Formal

37 Cozy

40 Left 41 Mug with a lid 42 Mend

28 Easy pace 29 — of Cleves

the Nile

procedure

Peanuts



RULES ARE RULES! I'M THE PATROL PERSON, AND I'LL TELL YOU WHEN YOU CAN GO ACROSS!

(Answers tomorrow)





'Stanley had an unforgetable childhood. So far.

it's lasted 47 years."

Nutt 'n' Jeff









The Flintstones











YOUR DAILY

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You will have an excellent chance to express your talents in a direct manner now, so make a point to contact those who are in a position to help you. Strive to be more successful.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Ideal day to be where you can gain knowledge and advance in career activities. Show more devotion to family members.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Study the best way to carry through with any agreements you have made and get the right results. Be wise.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Figure out how to have better relations with allies. Be more willing to compromise at home for the sake of harmony. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Find a more

up-to-date system for handling your obligations and you have greater efficiency and benefits. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Planning social events and

recreations for the future is wise at this time. Study outlets that can give you added income. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Look into new interests through which to better express yourself. Take

treatments to improve health and appearance. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Use a new system and improve your regular routines. Go to the right sources for the information you need.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)-Make plans that could give you more abundance in the future. Try not to argue with others in the evening. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You are now able

to get the backing of higher-ups in a new project you have in mind. Express happiness tonight. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Making needed changes where your work is concerned will bring good

results at this time. Be logical. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be your own gregarious self and express happiness with all the friends you can. Take no risks in motion.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Have serious talks with associates so that you can take advantage of a new situation. Be more reassuring to loved one.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will have many fine talents and should have the advantage of a fine education to make the most of them, and then much success is possible. Give good religious training. A sportsminded person in this chart.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Charlene Utley

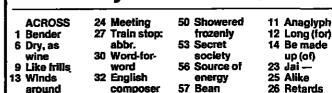
59 Rude

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Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

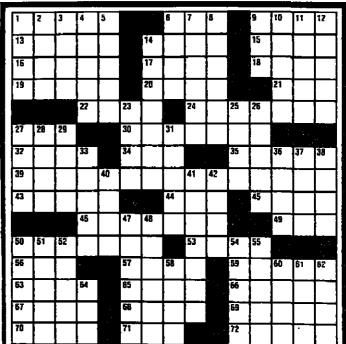
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WORLD

Moscow rebukes EEC for declaration on Poland

opean Common Market countries for their declaration on Poland, accusing them of open interference in Polish affairs.

Earlier, a first reaction from Moscow to the statement issued yesterday by foreign ministers of the European Economic Community (EEC) was included in a TASS report from Brussels.

This singled out the ten's rejection of what TASS called U.S. pressure for sanctions against the Soviet Union, though it also alleged that the EEC states had attempted crude interference in Polish affairs by agreeing not to undercut the American sanctions.

But shortly afterwards a rewritten version of the Brussels dispatch was issued, containing a harder condemnation of the EEC.

It said the Common Market foreign ministers had ignored the real state of affairs in Poland and the fact that all steps taken by the government there were its own domestic affair.

The ten "have made an open attempt to interfere in matters which are within the competence only of the Poles themselves, thus unceremoniously breaching the provisions of the Helsinki Final Act and the U.N. Charter," TASS

It said that, acting under "crude pressure" from the United States,

real state of affairs.

Walesa ready to negotiate

Polish labour leader Lech Walesa remains under house arrest. fears that his food may be drugged but is relaxed enough to joke with his guardians and apparently is ready to negotiate with Poland's military leaders under certain conditions, it was reported today.

The daily newspaper le Matin. quoting a Roman Catholic priest close to Mr. Walesa and Mr. Walesa's wife, reported that the unionist is willing to open talks with the military authorities on the condition that they include key members of Solidarity now in jail and Polish Archbishop Jozef

But the newspaper said the military has so far refused to accept Mr. Walesa's conditions.

Le Matin, quoting the priest, said Mr. Walesa's quarters are changed every two or three days because the authorities fear he may try to escape.

Warsaw tries top official

Meanwhile, the former chief of Polish broadcasting went on trial in Warsaw today on corruption and other charges.

S. Africa claims 1 Cuban killed, another captured

PRETORIA, Jan. 5 (A.P.) -South African security forces have killed one Cuban and captured another on the border between South-West Africa and Angola, a spokesman announced today.

The spokesman said the incident occurred during a firefight "in the operational area" along the border of the South Africanruled territory, also known as Namibia.

He would not say on which side of the border, nor when it occ-

territory force, said that Cuban torces had "interefered with South African troops engaged in follow-up operations against insurgents. South African forces frequently cross into Angola during

such operations, he said. "In the ensuing firefight, one Cuban was shot dead and another captured," he said.

South Africa claims Soviet and Cuban military personnel in Angola are aiding the South-West African People's Organisation, a black guerrilla group which has Brig. Jan Klopper. acting com- been engaged in a long brush-war mander of the South-West Africa for independence of the territory.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Yamani leaves after talks in Japan

TOKYO, Jan. 5 (R) - Saudi Arabia Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani left Japan today after telling Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki why Saudi Crown Prince Fahd postponed a visit due to start next Monday. Sheikh Yamani passed on an oral message from Prince Fahd regretting that his visit had to be put back while Arab leaders continued consultations over Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights, the prime minister's office said. Prince Fahd has also postponed a visit to the United States. Japan's International Trade and Industry Minister Shintaro Abe said today he hoped to make an official visit to Saudi Arabia early next May.

Reagan's axe not to go up in space

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 (R) - Presidential science adviser George Keyworth has told U.S. space scientists the Reagan administration does not intend to abandon space exploration, despite planned budget cuts. Mr. Keyworth told a symposium of the American Association for the Advancement of Science yesterday that the Reagan administration valued space exploration. He said budget cuts were still being discussed but gave no further details. Mr. Keyworth assured the scientists the "deep space network," the radio communications link with American automated spacecraft, would not be discontinued for budget reasons. Scientists had feared the network would be shut down before it could receive data from the Voyager spacecraft when it passes Neptune and Uranus at the end of the decade. Mr. Keyworth said forsaking those experiences to "save a few million(dollars) is unthinkable to this administration." Mr. Keyworth declined to discuss such other projects as Galileo, which is designed to orbit and enter the atmosphere of Jupiter.

Papandreou sacks aide for disobedience

ATHENS, Jan. 5 (R) - Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou has sacked a junior minister for failing to obey instructions at vesterday's European Economic Community (EEC) meeting on Poland, an authoritative source said here today. The minister. Assimakis Fotilas, under-secretary for foreign affairs, represented Greece at the EEC foreign ministers meeting which issued a communique warning Soviet bloc countries not to intervene in Poland. The source said: "Mr. Fotilas failed to obev instructions given to him by foreign minister Ioannis Haralambopoulos who could not attend the meeting because of previous engagements here. He did not elaborate on the instructions given to Mr. Fotilas and a government spokesman declined to make any statement on the issue.

Leading Sicilian constructor gunned down

PALERMO, Sicily, Jan. 5 (R) — Leading Sicilian building constructor Pietro Pisa, who had business interests in Saudi Arabia and Libya, was shot dead last night by a masked youth as he left his Palermo office, police said. There was no apparent motive. Mr. Pisa. 59, was getting into his car when the youth opened fire with six or seven pistol shots before fleeing on foot. Police said Mr. Pisa

MOSCOW. Jan. 5 (R) — The off-icial Soviet news agency TASS to impose their own version of today sharply rebuked the Eurzepanski involve sums totalling 217 million zlotvs (about \$7 million at the former official exchange rate). Warsaw Radio rep-

> Publicity given to the proceedings appeared aimed at dem-onstrating that Poland's military rulers were striking hard at wrongdoing among former top Com-munists as well as cracking down on the Solidarity free trade union and its backers, Western diplomats in Vienna said.

Mr. Szczepanski, previously a close associate of deposed Communist Party chief Edward Gierek, is accused of misappropriating state property, accepting bribes from foreign sup-pliers and causing losses of 212 million zlotys (\$6.8 million) through non-fulfilment of duties and exceeding his authority, the radio

Four other former leading officials of the radio and television committee which Mr. Szczepanski headed are standing trial with him on related charges, it added.

Polish minister to visit Moscow

MOSCOW, Jan. 5 (R) - Polish Foreign Minister Jozef Czyrek will visit Moscow within two weeks, Moscow Radio said

Mr. Czyrek's visit will be the first known trip to the Soviet capital by a high-ranking Polish official since the military takeover in Poland on Dec. 13.

The short radio announcement gave no further det-ails of the planned visit. A later announcement by the official TASS news agency did not say whether Mr. Czyrek had been invited by the Soviet government or the Communist

Soviet leaders will clearly be eager to question Mr. Czyrek about events in Poland since the imposition of martial law.

Moscow has expressed some concern about the position of the Communist Party under army rule. Mr. Czyrek, who is a member of the party's ruling politburo, will be able to give a first-hand account of its strength at factory level and any disagreement in the leadership over the conduct of martial law.

Floods threaten York City

YORK, England, Jan. 5 (A.P.) — Troops and police helped emergency teams shore up the banks of the swollen River Ouse in Yorkshire today as flood defences threatened to crumble from widespread flooding around the 2,000-year-old cathedral city of

"The embankment is holding up, but I'd be very surprised if it holds up throughout the day," a Yorkshire water authority spokesman said.

He said Cawood, a village of 980 people near York, was "at severe risk" if the flood defences

otoc, who vanished last week

under mysterious circumstances,

secretly married President Fer-

dinand Marcos' eldest daughter

last month in Arlington, Virginia,

The records of Arlington cou-

nty circuit court reveal that Mr.

Manotoc, 32, married Imelda

(Imee) Marcos, 26, in a civil cer-

emony on Dec. 4 in the suburban

Mr. Manotoc, a professional

basketball coach and amateur gol-

county bordering Washington.

taurant on Dec. 29.

court records have showed.

gave way.

The meteorological office for-

of rivers swollen by heavy downpours and melting snow. Hundreds of homes in York were flooded after the level of the Ouse rose 4.88 metres to its highest mark since 1947, city aut-

ecast more heavy rain and sno-

wfalls over most of Britain that

will worsen the flooding in several

Police said at least three people

drowned yesterday in the flooding

parts of the country.

horities reported. Police said more than 30 city centre streets were under 1.22

metres of muddy water. Scores of families were evacuated by police and troops in boats, but many took refuge in the upper floors of their

Missing Filipino had wed Marcos' daughter WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 (R) — dinand Marcos (of) Manila. The "They were nice," said Judge Filipino sportsman Tommy Man-records say it was Mr. Manotoc's Francis Thomas, the special mag-

> President Marcos has issued a statement denying he had any part in the disappearance and denying that any valid marriage had taken

second marriage and that he obt-

ained a divorce -- from former

beauty queen Aurora Pijuan - on

Oct. 29.

A statement from the presidential palace said that under the law in the predominantly Catholic Philippines, no divorce was recognised as valid, even if obtained

in another country. fer, was last seen having dinner Mr. Manotoc's family said he with Miss Marcos in a Manila resobtained a Dominican Republic In the court marriage records, divorce from Aurora Pijuan befthe bride listed her father as Fer- ore eloping with Miss Marcos.

Soviet envoy to U.N. refutes Webster's charges on spying

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 5 (R) - The Soviet representative to the United Nations, Oleg Troyanovsky, has described as nonsense charges by the director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that many Soviet diplomats in the United States were spies.
"I think it's all nonsense ... these

accusations have been coming up every few years from time immemorial and nothing has been substantiated," he said.

Mr. Troyanovsky, current president of the Security Council, was replying to a reporter who asked him about a television interview yesterday by FBI Director William Webster.

The FBI chief charged that the Soviet KGB (intelligence service) had more than 400 agents in the United States, about 35 per cent of all Soviet diplomatic personnel in the country.

Pretoria charges 45 with hijack... JOHANNESBURG. Jan. 5 In Pretoria. police said 40 of the the Air India plane landed for men had been rounded up and

down.

would appear at five South Afr-

ican courts. The remaining five

accused had still to be tracked

Police also said there would be

no separate trial for the five all-

eged ringleaders, including vet-

eran Irish-born mercenary Col.

charged in Pretoria on Dec. 2 with

kidnapping and remanded on bail.

Of the 44 men originally det-

"Mad Mike" Hoare, 62, who were

(Agencies) - Forty-five mercenaries who allegedly commondeered an Air-India jetliner after a failed coup attempt in the Seychelles were charged today

with hijacking. At least 16 were released on bail ranging from 1.000 rands (\$1.050) to 20,000 rands (\$ 21,000) for the leaders of the alleged hijacking. It was believed similar bonds would be set for the rest as they appeared in courts in five cities across South Africa.

VICTORIA, Seychelles, Jan. 5 (Agencies) — Seven foreigners arrested here for alleged involvement in an abortive coup plot appeared in court today amid sec-

recy and tight security.
State Prosecutor Pessy Pardiwalla asked the high court that the seven--including a South African woman--be held on what he termed the "serious charges" of illegally importing arms and ammunition into the Sevchelles.

These charges carry a maximum sentence of 20 years imprisonment, but the prosecutor said "additional charges" may be brought at a later date.

Chief Justice Earl Edward Seaton agreed to remand the seven for another court appearance in 14 days. They are to be held, meanwhile, at the Union Vale Prison on the main island on Mahe.

Investigators have alleged that all but one of the foreigners were members of an advance party that came here to prepare for the arr-

ival of the main group of mercenaries at Pointe Larue airport. The seventh defendant allegedly arrived with the main party.

The apparent plan to oust the socialist government of President France Albert Rene unraveled shortly after the mercenary force landed Nov. 25 aboard a Royal Swazi Airways flight.

A customs inspector found an automatic weapon in a mercenary's suitcase and alerted the Seychelles defence forces. Amid a pitched battle, the mercenaries diverted an Air-India jetliner to Durban, South Africa.

Those who were arrested here and appeared in court here Martin Dolinchek, 43, a South African who served in his country's National Intelligence Service (NIS). Robert Sims, Susan Josephine Ingles and Jeremiah Cornepius Puren, also of South Africa, Aubrey Brooks and Roger England of Zimbabwe and Briton Bernard the Sevchelles, 39 were freed without charge, and there was a storm of protest both at home and abr-

Mr. Rees announced today he proposed to prosecute all the accused on four counts under the civil aviation act of 1972, which gave effect to conventions covering offences on board aircraft, unlawful seizure of aircraft and unlawful acts against civil aviation. The act also provided for more effective ained in Durban on Nov. 26 after security at airports.

...as Victoria holds 7 for illegal arms

All but Durban-born Puren were alleged to have been members of the advance party. Investigators Puren had arrived with the main force but fled the fighting at the airport. He spent two weeks

in the jungle near the airport before being arrested Dec. 10. Until just before it got under way, today's court appearance had been a well-guarded secret. Even court officials said they were not informed beforehand.

Government sources said they are convinced there is a real possibility that mercenary comrades in South Africa may be planning to free the seven held here.

Seychelles Attorney General Barnard Rassool told Reuters last week that the captives are to be charged with treason, the only crime punishable by death under Seychelles law.

But there has been doubt in legal circles in Victoria as to whether foreigners can be tried for

ETA prime suspect in Bilbao kidnap

Mr. Lipperheide was born in

West Germany. He came to Spain

after Germany's World War II

defeat. He settled down in Bilbao.

where he heads a number of firms.

Lipperheide's firms had been inv-

olved in labour conflicts lately.

Union sources said some of Mr.

Servants at the industrialist's

home said he was kidnapped by

BILBAO. Spain. Jan. 5 (A.P.) -Josef Lipperheide Heinke, 75, a German-born Bilbao industrialist. was kidnapped from his home here today and his family said the kidnappers were commandos of ETA, the Basque separatist org-

The family said the abductors, on leaving Mr. Lipperheide's

home, said they would seek "a

istrate who performed the cer-

emony in his office across the str-

was surprised when I read in the

În Manila, Mr. Manotoc's bro-

ther, Ricardo, said government

agents, who are treating the dis-

appearance as a kidnapping, yes-

terday summoned him to the hea-

dquarters of the criminal inv-

estigation service for questioning.

anitarian affairs in South East Asia.

Cuellar names new U.N. aides

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 5 (R) — Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, in his first appointment since taking office, today named a

former Tunisian U.N. representative, M'hamed Essaafi, as his chef

general's executive office. served as Tunisia's U.N. envoy from January to August, 1980. He has also been ambassador to Belgium,

Luxembourg and the European Community, Bonn, Moscow and

In September 1980 Mr. Essaafi was appointed by then Secretary

In other appointments announced today: Emilio de Olivares, 44, a

François Giuliani, a 43-year-old French national who has served as

Giandomenico Picco, 33, an Italian U.N. official, was named first

Peruvian member of the U.N. secretariat since 1974, was named

executive assistant to the secretary-general, who is also from Peru.

a U.N. spokesman, was appointed spokesman for the secretary-

officer in the executive office of the secretary-general.

Mr. Essaafi changes place with Rafeeuddin Ahmad, a Pakistani,

who was chef de cabinet under Mr. Waldheim and will now become

special representative for humanitarian affairs in South East Asia.

General Kurt Waldheim as his special representative for hum-

Mr. Essaafi, 51, whose new post makes him head of the secretary-

"I had no idea who they were. I

eet from the court house.

paper about it."

earlier in the day.

uffer, whom they had kidnapped

eight people, some of whom broke into the house after the door was cleared to Mr. Lipperheide's cha-

The chauffer told police two

them to Mr. Lipperheide's home. He said when the door was cleared to him, the commandos stormed into the house. The servants said the kid-

men kidnapped him from his place

and forced him to accompany

nappers went straight to Mr. Lipperheide's bedroom and took him away in a waiting car. Mr. Lipperheide is a widower

and the father of three daughters and a son, all married.

Police said they had no clues yet as to the abductor's whereabouts.

Indian court resumes trial of Asia's most wanted man

BENARES, Jan. 5 (A.P.) - Charles Sobhraj, on trial in this holy Hindu city for the 1976 murder of a tourist, finished cross-examining the prosecution's medical expert when the court resumed after a

17 that his post mortem examination of Allen Aren Jacob

recess of more than two weeks. Dr. K.K. Singhal testified Dec.

showed he had been poisoned with zinc phosphide and chloropromazine, a drug used as a tranquiliser. Sobhraj, once the most wanted

man in Asia, resumed his questioning of Dr. Singhal, attempting to discredit the doctor as an expert witness. His questions centred on Dr. Singhal's medical knowledge and the contents of the dead man's stomach as revealed by the autopsy.

The 37-year-old, Vietnameseborn Sobhraj faces a possible death sentence or life imprisonment if convicted on charges of murder, forgery, cheating, impersonation and conspiracy. He has shunned his Indian attorney since shortly after the trial began last month and with court approval, has been conducting his own def-

Sobhraj's former girlfriend, Marie-Andree LeClerc, a medical secretary from Canada is also

being tried as his accomplice. Asian police have accused Sobhraj of at least a dozen murders in Nepal, Thailand, India and Singapore. Most of the victims were young tourists who were drugged and robbed. Two best-selling books have been written about Sobhraj's exploits.

Cuban ties incite U.S. hostility toward Grenada

By George Worme Reuter

GRENADA, WHERE A group of left-wing. Western-educated young politicians seized power almost three years ago, has begun the new year with its relations with

the United States still strained.

This small spice-producing Caribbean island has been at odds with the United States since the pro-Cuba New Jewel Movement (NJM) of Maurice Bishop ousted the right-wing government of Eric Gairy in March 1979.

To offset the effects of its isolation from the U.S., Grenada sig-ned a wide-ranging technical and economic agreement with Cuba and received aid from Canada and Mexico and loans from the Intemational Monetary Fund and the

At the same time, the government has sought to strengthen its hold on a population of a little more than 100,000 by setting up mass organisations as part of a system of "people's democracy" while cracking down on dissent. Relations between Washington

and Grenada cooled after the NJM toppied the pro-American administration of Prime Minister Eric Gairy and worsened when Grenada turned to Cuba for help. Over the past six months the Grenada government has rep-eatedly claimed that the Reagan

administration planned to invade

the island.

Mr. Bishop said his government had evidence that military manoeuvres which took place on Vieques Island, off Puerto Rico, was a practice run for a full-scale operation against Grenada.

Grenada also accused the U.S. of trying to thwart its efforts to seek aid elsewhere and the government felt it scored a major vic-

tory by securing loans for balance of payments support from the World Bank and the IMF and signing cooperation agreements with Mexico and Canada.

A new airport for St. George's will be built largely by Cuban engineers and technicians and Washington has expressed concern that it might be used as a staging post for Cuban troops on their way to Africa.

As relations between the tiny island and its giant neighbour to the north worsened Mr. Bishop's government cracked down on political opponents who accused it of reneging on earlier pledges to hold general elections.

Mr. Bishop said in a speech last year that 'counter-revolutionaries will be exposed, isolated and ruthlessly crushed."

Thirty-four people were detained and charged under a ter-

rorism prevention law passed following a bomb blast which killed three people and injured nearly 100 others in June 1980.

The government also detained a number of businessmen and trade unionists as well as its former attorney general on charges of counter-revolutionary activities.

It passed a law restricting movements of known or suspected opponents and placed a travel ban on an opposition journalist, Alistair Hughes.

Mr. Hughes' Grenadian Voice newspaper was banned after its first edition, drawing sharp criticism at home and in neighbouring Caribbean islands. Two other opposition pub-

lications were silenced earlier. Strong action against dissent has run parallel with a strengthening of pro-government mass organisations.

The setting up of zonal and parish councils, part of the NIM's concept of people's participatory democracy, is officially described as an effort to explain its policies and programmes and get feedback from the grassroots.

Mr. Bishop last November announced the creation of a people's militia to defend the island from aggression, saying it could not aff-ord a large standing army.

"When the enemy comes for us it will be in the thousands so that apart from a standing army what is needed is a part-time revolutionary militia," he told an intemational solidarity conference attended by delegates from several countries, including Nicaragua and Cuba.

Israeli police investigate charges on Modai

TEL AVIV. Jan. 5 (R) - Police are looking into allegations that former Israeli energy minister Yitzbak Modai took illegal commissions on fuel purchases he made on behalf of the government while in office, a police spokesman bus said. Mr. . Modai, now a minister without portfolio in the cabinet headed by Prime Minister Menachem Begin, denied the allegations The police spokesman said police investigators were "looking into allegations," but he stressed that no formal myestigation had started. The charges were made public by a Labour opposition member of the Knesset in a query in the house during question time some weeks ago. Mr. Modai said later it was easy to verify he had had no direct contact with any government fuel pur-chases. He told reporters this could be verified within a few hours. "I'll do everything possible to put a stop to this sort of character assassination of public figures," he said. Another cabinet minister, Labour and Welfare Minister Aharon Abuhatzeira, is currently on trial on charges of their and embezziement of public funds

French police recover stolen arms

TOULOUSE, France, Jan. 5 (R) - Police have recovered all the weapons stolen by gangsters from a French military arms depot near Toulouse last November, justice officials said today. The robbery created a political scandal over security at military establishments and right-wing political extremists were earlier suspected of having carried out the raid. The 115 sub-machine guns and four heavy machine guns were found yesterday buried in a field some 50 kilometres from Foix barracks where they were stolen, the officials said. A group of about 15 raiders, masked and heavily armed, infiltrated the arms depot on Nov. 21 after overpowering two sentries. They made their getaway in a stolen army truck. Several known gangsters had been arrested in connection with the script at Foix camp, officials said. The recovery of the stolen arms followed the arrest of two men involved in a holdup who admitted having taken part in the armoury raid.

Bangla army chief rejects new council set up by president

DACCA, .Jan. 5 (A.P.) --Army Chief of Staff Lt. Gen. H.M. Ershad has said the national security council formed by the government Friday "s. not acceptable to us as it will not meet our demands and aspirations." According to the daily Banglar Bani, the general said, "On behalf of the army, navy and air force we have aiready informed our stand to the president." The ten member national security council was constituted to replace the existing national defence council. The new council, headed by the president, includes the vice prime minister, the foreign minister, industries minister. finance minister, home minister, and the three service chiefs. Asked what they wanted. Gen. Ershad said, "You will. know in time," the newspaper reported. The paper's report said the armed forces chiefs did not like the inclusion on the committee of any of the civil ministers, not even the prime

Widow, daughter mark Bhutto's 54th birthday

KARACHI, Jan. 5 (R) - The

minister, the paper added.

widow and daughter of executed Pakistani prime minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto cut a huge cake near his grave today to mark his 54th birthday, family sources said. Mrs. Nusrat Bhutto and her 28-year-old daughter Benazir, who was taken. under police escort for the ceremony, distributed the 35kilogramme cake among several hundred mourners. Miss Bhutto was detained last March following the hijack of a Pakistani airline by a group opposed to army President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq and was moved from Karachi Central Jail to house arrest in Larkana 10 days ago. The exprime minister, hanged in 1979 for allegedly conspiring to commit a political murder. 5 buried at Garhi Khuda Bakhsh, about 30 kilometres from Larkana.

